

THE WEEKLY VALLEY HERALD—States of Advertising.

space, per w.	2 w.	4 w.	6 w.	1 year
1 inch	\$75	1.25	2.00	6.00
2 inch	1.25	2.00	3.25	9.00
3 inch	1.75	2.75	4.00	12.00
4 inch	2.25	3.50	5.00	18.00
5 inch	2.75	4.25	7.00	22.00
6 inch	3.25	5.00	8.00	26.00
7 inch	3.75	6.00	10.50	30.00
8 inch	4.25	6.50	12.50	34.00
9 inch	4.75	7.00	13.00	38.00
10 inch	5.25	7.50	14.00	42.00
11 inch	5.75	8.00	15.00	45.00
12 inch	6.25	8.50	16.00	48.00

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1 dollar is 250 cents solid matter.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion.

Transient advertisements payable in advance.

The Valley Herald.
Official County Paper.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
A. L. DU TOIT & CO., Proprietors.
Editors and Publishers.

COUNTY OFFICERS:

Treasurer—Peter Wegg.
Auditor—I. Strenkens.
Clerk of Deeds—F. Greiner.
Surficer—F. E. Du Toit.
Clark of Court—G. Krayenbuhl.
Attala—H. H. Brink.
Surveyor—J. O. Brink.
Judge of Probate—J. A. Sargent.
School Superintendent—Wm. Benson.
Coroner—H. G. Gerdon.
County Commissioners—S. B. Kohler, Chairman
and A. W. Tiffany, Frederick Iltis, A. J. Carlson, Adam Hill.

For the latest War and Miscellaneous news, see second page, inside columns.

Democratic County Ticket.

For County Treasurer,
PETER WEGG.
For Register of Deeds,
FREDERICK GREINER,
For County Sheriff,
F. E. DU TOIT,
Judge of Probate,
J. A. SARGENT,
Clerk of Dist. Court,
G. KRAYENBUL.
County Attorney,
L. L. BAXTER,
County Surveyor,
H. J. CLEVER,
County Superintendent,
W.M. BENSON,
County Coroner,
ROBERT MILLER,
Chairman of Co. Comms.,
S. B. KOHLER.

The time set for the meeting of the People's Convention at Victoria, is next Monday, the 8th of October. If the weather is fair a good attendance may be expected.

THE Republican county convention convenes at Norwood on Tuesday the 16th day of October. It is said that there are quite a number of aspirants for office.

Address:
We will commence the publication of Claus Lindhoff's address next week, which was delivered before our county agricultural society. It is quite lengthy, but will well pay perusal.

Democratic Ticket:
We place the Democratic ticket at the head of our columns this week. Time and space forbids any extended comments this week—but it flies at our mast head.

State Convention:
The democratic state convention met at St. Paul last Tuesday. It was a large but not altogether harmonious convention.

The following state ticket was nominated:
For Governor—W. L. Banning.
For Lt. Governor—A. Ames.
For Atty General—R. A. Jones.
For Secretary of State—T. Lindholm.
For Treasurer—J. S. Meagher.
For R.R. Commissioner—H. W. Hill.

John Macdonald has decided in a case in Stearns County that a county commissioner can only recover pay for twenty days service as a county commissioner in any one year—no matter whether these services were rendered as a member of the county board in session, or viewing roads, or otherwise. In the same case he decided that the town board of equalization was a separate and distinct body and that service upon that board was not to be included in the twenty days which they are limited as to county commissioners. He also decided that the law requires a full day's work when he receives pay as such.

The Watertown Flows:
Here is what Donnelly says about the Watertown plows in his paper the "Anti-Monopolist":

A HOME INDUSTRY:
The public will be glad to learn that a new plow factory has been started in Minnesota at Watertown, in Carver County, and that our excellent and popular friend, Charles H. Lienau, senator from Carver County, is one of the members of the firm. The name of the firm is Japs, Barnick & Lienau. They are turning out excellent work, as we can witness, for we have one of their 14 inch crossing plows on our farm in Stevens County and it gives perfect satisfaction.

Those who desire good, substantial, first class tools should correspond with this firm. They are putting it encouragingly on the market.

Spots! Tail is something of a diplomat. When asked at Washington, "String tail" was a good fighter, he simply said, "I'd get to know that, when you read about him."

Good stabling attached, and water handy.

The Weekly Valley Herald.

A. L. DU TOIT & CO., Proprietors.

VOLUME 16

CHASKA, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, OCT. 4 1877.

TERMS, \$1.50 Per Annum.

NUMBER 7

NORWOOD DEPARTMENT

J. S. JABERG, Editor.

is still at his old stand in Chaska, and constantly announces to the public that he has

Largest Stock

of HARDWARE

of all kinds and descriptions in

CARVER COUNTY,

consisting of

STOVES,

IRON,

NAILS,

GLASS,

CUTLERY, and

SHELF HARDWARE

Also constantly on hand the best quality of

TIN WARE,

which is manufactured in his own shop by the best of workmen from the best quality of tin, and all warranted.

Farmers in this vicinity are most all through threshing and are rejoicing over full granaries.

Fred Hoeftken is making preparations for building a new addition to his large store which will add greatly to its convenience.

Norwood needs another good No. 1 hotel that will be able to keep the "bummers" who daily pass us by in town. The right kind of a man can secure a good location by calling on Mr. Slocum.

Justices Thomas and Mix still continue true to their tobacco pledge, but if you could see the long countenance Mix puts on when he sees some one take a good-sized "crumb of comfort," and the sour looks of Thomas, when he has his mouth full of "poplar bark" you would think they had a hard road to travel.

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Call on R. S. Miles & Co. for "crumbs of comfort," a choice brand of chewing tobacco.

Milke & Goettling went East this week to purchase their stock of notions and groceries and will be ready for business by the 16th inst.

Dry goods, a new line, call at Suepke, Meyer & Co.

It was commonly reported that Mr. Simonsch, would only start a one horse store but by the appearance of things we should think he had two horses and a mule at any rate.

It is a settled fact that we are to have a Hook & Ladder Co. in Norwood. A company was organized last Monday evening, with a membership of 40 members, 20 active and passive. A committee of 3 were appointed to collect funds this week and arrangements will be made to-night for the purchase of a truck and all necessary apparatus.

Our harness maker, Anthony Hoffmann, is over run with work and if you want a No. 1 harness give him a call.

It is reported that Mr. Kenning, while moving the H. Okenken, found a "bear" in the cellar. How is it, William?

The proposition to build a large Catholic church at this place was considered by the members of that church on last Sabbath. Mr. Simonsch headed a subscription list with \$300, which was quickly followed by others until 700 were pledged.

Which we think a remarkable case of liberality, when we consider that we have just completed a Protestant church to which all parties contributed to liberally.

Mr. Wm. Suepke is the only noted tanner in Norwood. He may be seen at Tiger Lake regularly every Sunday. Wm. had better reform as ducks want a rest Sunday.

If Carter can not furnish better accommodation to exhibitors and visitors at the County Fair, we think they had better sell out and let some neighboring town try what they can do; Norwood or Chaska for instance. See history of State Fair.

FOUND.—A coat was found between this place and the Glenco road, and, as near as can be described, it was a heavy black one containing a handkerchief in one pocket marked, L. D., and a nest of "bed bugs" in one of the sleeves. The owner will find the same at the residence of Mr. Cole.

Wheat opened at 97 1/2 cts. this morning and farmers are coming in lively.

Norwood is becoming high toned. Minneapolis beer is all the go now days.

We would call attention to a large and fancy stock of stationary just received at the drug store.

And now it is our little painter who is up on his car, simply because Mr. W. C. Gater of Shakopee is taking the lead in the way of sign painting.

Contract.

Leonard Grates has taken the contract to build Messrs. Hammer & Beierlein's new store building; that is, the brick work.

Charley Kenning will do the wood work.

Spots! Tail is something of a dipper.

When asked at Washington,

"String tail" was a good fighter, he sim-

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Chaska Valley Herald.

FRED. E. DU TOIT, Editor.

CHASKA, CARVER CO., MINNESOTA

INTERESTING CURRENT TOPICS

The Murphy temperance movement has reached what has been called "the wickedest city in the world," Cheyenne, Wyoming. Five hundred men have signed the pledge.

An immense cave has been discovered in Josephine county, Oregon. It has been found to be over five miles in extent, and the exploration is not yet completed. The stalactite formation overhead is said to be unique, being similar to that in other caves of which more is known. A party will shortly make a thorough investigation of this mammoth cavern.

A man in the Alexandria Palace London has taken his stand within a few inches of the roof, and jumps head foremost to a net placed within a few feet of the floor. Just before he reaches the net he turns, and alights on his feet. There is nothing difficult about the feat, but if the man failed to make the necessary half revolution of his body he would probably be killed.

A. E. Outhridge, in the Philadelphia Mint, has obtained, by experiments in electro-metallurgy, films of gold so thin that 2,500,000 would be required to make an inch in thickness; yet the films, when examined through the microscope, are seen to be continuous. They are transparent, and of a bright green color but by reflected light they resume the true gold color.

Somebody writes to a Chicago newspaper to complain because the President of one of the plundered savings banks closed it as soon as he did, and says: "They say he could have held out from six to seven minutes longer, as the bank had \$62, to say nothing of the odd 27 cents, which might have prolonged its existence a quarter of a minute longer after the \$62 had been exhausted."

James T. Fields says that an admirer of Shakespeare discovered among his friends a Bostonian who had never read the plays of the immortal William, and advised him to do so at once. Several months later the giver of the advice met his friend, asked him if he had read any of the plays, and what he thought of them. Yes, he had read them all, and he added, with effusion. "They are glorious, sir—for beyond my expectations! Why, sir, there are not twenty men in Boston who could have written them."

A dog in Sierk, France, returned good for evil. His master, a peasant, attached a stone to his neck and threw him into Moselle. The poor brute sank, and the cord broke, and he arose to the surface and made desperate efforts to get into the boat. His master pushed him again, and at length stood up and endeavored to strike him a violent blow. In the attempt the man fell into the water. The dog swam to him and held him up by the clothing until aid arrived.

Julia Ward Howe tells of six sisters, all unmarried and living together, the daughters of an Earl, now dead, who refused to allow any of his younger daughters to marry before the eldest should find a husband. She never did find one, and one at least of the younger sisters, who was sought in marriage by a man of suitable position, was obliged to submit to this cruel proscription, and remained single until after her father's death, when she declared herself too old to enter a new condition.

Hazlewood Methodist Church, in western Pennsylvania, not many miles from Pittsburg, is the scene of inharmonious unpleasantries about musical matters. The opponents of the organ have applied to one of the courts for injunction to prevent the use of that instrument in church. They cite Adam Clarke, the celebrated Methodist Commentator, who had no soul for music, and who thought the organ had no place in the Christian Church. The breeze which blows at Hazlewood is lively enough, and both the young and the old people of the church and community are greatly excited.

No dividend has been paid for two years by the Hudson Bay Company in consequence of depression in the market for furs and seal skins. This great commercial company finds its vast territory and its numerous salaried servants rendered almost useless by the commercial stagnation of the world. Furs are articles of luxury, and as such they are largely dispensed with in these hard times. The shareholders get nothing on their capital, and as the regular servants employed in overseeing the company's territory receive a share of the profits as part of their payment, they are being severely cramped by the absence of all dividends.

The Rev. Charles Steinbach of Chicago engaged Margaret Murphy, a maiden of nearly forty, as a housekeeper. He told her that his wife was dead and gone, and he wanted a good woman among his children. Soon he beat, abused his children and often locked her up with them to starve. At length she resolved to save one of the children—a twelve year old girl—from his abuse. She left the house with the little girl, took some of his things and pawned them for needed money, and put the child for safe keeping in the home of the Friendless. He had her arrested for larceny. The papers spoke of the Steinbach trouble. Another woman saw the case in the newspapers went to the jail to see Miss Murphy, and announced herself as Steinbach's lawful wife, deserted by him, and the mother of his children. Then the two women became fast friends to work out a scheme of vengeance on Steinbach. But he cannot be found.

THE WORLD MIRRORED.

Crimes, Criminals and Accidents.

The fugitive Chicago Bank President did not land at Liverpool from the steamer Circeian.

A special from Galveston, Texas says that on the 29th inst., Lieut. Bullis with 100 men crossed into Mexico near Sarcoosa in pursuit of horse thieves.

John S. Morton, the defaulting President of the Market Street Railway in Philadelphia, has been arrested together with the secretary and treasurer for defrauding the company.

There is some probability of the capture of the robbers who recently robbed the Union and Pacific train, who it is believed, went off in a northeasterly direction from the road.

Three trunks containing \$1,000,000 worth of securities deposited in the safe of the Cambridgeport Mass. National Bank, have mysteriously disappeared, with not the slightest clue to the thieves.

Gen. A. L. Pearson, of Pittsburgh riot fame has been held to bail in the sum of \$10,000, to answer the charge of having ordered his troops to fire, by which a man named Stoppel was killed in his own door.

The gold taken from the bodies of Cobins and Bass, the two Pacific train robbers who were killed at Buffalo, Kansas, amounting to \$10,500, arrived in Omaha on the 29th. It is probably one third of the amount stolen.

Sidney Myers, President of the lately suspended Chicago Savings' bank known as the Farmers' Merchants and Mechanics', has been arrested and lodged in jail in default of bail, on the charge of having embezzled \$200,000.

A member of a gang of horse thieves who resided near Pleasant Grove, Olmsted county, Mich., was caught near Maquoketa, Iowa, on the 29th, with stolen horses in his possession, and hung after a short trial by a vigilante committee.

A party of fifteen rangers recently started in pursuit of a gang of cattle thieves who had stolen a large number of cattle in Cheyenne County Kansas and were driving them north, and coming up with them surrounded them while at supper, killed seven, hung another of the thieves and recovered all their cattle.

A train of the Illinois Central Railroad was thrown from the track near Sandoval, Ill., on the morning of the 27th and 28th, with six passengers killed and others badly wounded. Masked men had been seen in the moonlight by the passengers but nothing was seen of them after the accident. It is supposed they intended to rob the train, but were frightened away.

The killing of the Union Pacific train robbers and the recovery of a large amount of gold is confirmed. Collins, the leader of the gang, and who was killed, was identified by parties who had previously known him and who gave information which led to his death. The recovered treasure was to arrive in Omaha on the 29th last.

Tweed continues his startling revelations before the committee of aldermen in New York the last giving a detailed account of an organization in the legislature known as the Black Horse cavalry which voted solid any way for pay, and also the further statement that the Albany Evening Journal and the Argus were subsidized by him.

A fire broke out in Providence R. I. on the 27th and destroyed several of the best business blocks near the post office. Loss estimated at \$600,000 to \$1,000,000; insured for probably one half the amount.

The soldiers' monument in Boston was dedicated on the 17th in the presence of an immense crowd. During the ceremonies the seats fell and some 25 persons were injured, none seriously.

One hundred thousand models but no documents of value were lost when a fire at the Patent office was held on the 27th, destroying a warehouse filled with a large amount of goods and making great local havoc.

President Theirs' posthumous manifesto has been published and demands freedom of the electors and of the press. Its principles are sovereignty of the national republic, law and order, equality of all men, and protection of civil, political and social rights.

A fire broke out in the attic of the Post Office building in Washington on the 24th which damaged the building to the extent of \$500,000 and destroyed 50,000 valuable models. The fire it is said, originated from spontaneous combustion of a lot of non-preserved chemical matter.

On the 27th, near Buffalo Station, ten miles west of Hayes Kansas, Lieutenant ten with a squad of soldiers intercepted two of the Union Pacific train robbers, and killing them both recovered from their persons \$80,000 in gold of the stolen funds. One of the robbers, name was Collins, the other's is not known. The recovered treasure was to arrive in Omaha on the 29th last.

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Committed to the Deep.
We hear the solemn sentence, "Earth to earth!"
Ring o'er our dead,
And fancy since creation's mournful birth
How many woes e'er said
Have brought more bitter woe to hearts half broken,
Given clearer voice to sorrow yet unspoken,
Or been to suffering souls a surer token
That all of hope has fled.

But yet a sadder, drearer phrase than this
Says the loving mother graves:
Those she loves, no loving mother deems to kiss,

So deep the waves
Have drawn the loved one to their wild protection,

Within no earthly balm of man's selection,
To wait the last trump of resurrection.

That wakes the sea's deep caves.

To wait alone! No friend may follow him

To that sad place, That vast abode where phantoms wild and grim

Meet face to face.

Lo! all around them breathes of desolation;

No love cross there whispers resignation,

No crown there tells of Christ's sweet compensation

And pardoning grace.

To wait alone! The dreary waters close,

And the wild winds howl—The All-seeing only knows

Where he doth sleep.

His only requiem is the sea's pulsation;

A soul has passed beyond life's sad probation;

All that remains of God's divine creation

Committed to the deep.

My Flirtation.

BY A MARRIED WOMAN.

I had plenty of beauty when I was young, and liked that very well. However, I had heard enough at bottom, and when Steven Lashley asked me to marry him, in the end I consented, though I kept him in suspense along at first.

Neither Steve nor I were rich. My father had sufficient income to keep the family in a good style of living; but he saved nothing, and could expect nothing but a little when I married. Steve had just begun to practice medicine, and was struggling as young doctors must. There was a pretty house just outside the town that Steve and I had our eye on for a long time, and I had promised to become his wife as soon as he could call it his own.

By dint of such struggling and economy as I never could have guessed, he had put by enough for the first payment, and was plodding patiently on toward the second cland last.

I can see now what a selfish creature I was, what a wretch, indeed, to please myself with the flattery of others while Steve was working so faithfully for me.

That sounds as though I wasn't going to name Steve for her, but I was.

Our town was something of a fashionable resort for summer boarders, and many of the people were in the habit of taking boarders then. Father had always objected to doing so; but this summer of which I speak fell in with a stranger, as he was returning from a long ride in the country, who having shared his phantom with him during the homeward drive, succeeded in so ingratiating himself with my father that he allowed him to board with us.

The stranger was very much in my line—distinguished looking, possessing an eloquent pair of eyes, nearly the color of my own, and having a propensity to saying "pretty-thing." He was just delicious to a girl of my turn. It was such fun to look out, and then laugh at him, to pretend pleasure then shyness; to invite and repulse in the same breath. It was a genuine flirtation, as much so to him as to me.

Steve came often to see me, but he did not see me alone, and he never stayed late.

Steve's sister Marian and I were intimate, and spent much time together. Poor Steve enjoyed my visits to Marian much better than he did seeing me anywhere else, and I liked it too, as much because of seeing him as Marian. It was then a miserable piece of heartlessness for me to permit Mr. Fordyce, the "stranger," to accompany me thither, thus parading it as were my conquest, and the accomplishments and attractions of Steve's new rival, in the most disagreeable manner possible.

Steve was good-natured, and kept this disappointment to himself, but he did not like Mr. Fordyce, and he was quite alone in that. Everybody liked Mr. Fordyce but Steve. He was an immensely popular man in our small community, entering the door with such genuine zeal into all our interests, and bearing himself generally towards all.

When Parson Hammond, who lived nearest to us, lost a valuable horse from his stable, and came over to our house to see about pursuing the thief, Mr. Fordyce, though he had just got home from a trip with some friends, which kept him most the night, insisted on being one of the pursuing party, and I did quite let it. It was the day when Mr. Duderay's son was broken open and robbed. Mr. Fordyce went over and over the ground, and gave shrewder guesses as to how the robbery had been managed than anyone else. When other thefts of similar nature and also of a lesser degree, continued to vex and puzzle us from time to time, it was Mr. Fordyce who insisted on severe measures, prevailed on the authorities to offer large rewards for the apprehension of the offenders, and made himself so active in the matter as to win the gratitude of the whole town.

He often joined in social gatherings and became the life of them. I was quite envied in having his escort so frequently, and the rumors very soon circulated that we were engaged.

Steve and I had some words on the subject several times; and because it was so unusual for him to insist in such a manner, I resented it when he did; and the more I resented myself to be wrong, the more I resolved I would not own it.

I detected Steve's dislike of Mr. Fordyce, and taxed him with it. Steve said nothing, but he only shook his head and looked gravely at me when I praised him. He never said worse about Mr. Fordyce than that he did not believe in him. Steve objected to my intimacy with him at rather general grounds, and I answered in such an ill-tempered manner that Steve, not being used to blunt, struck fire and retorted equally. The first time all eyes acquainted with the result was a serious coolness.

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Of course Steve made his payment and we were married at an early day.

I do not often acknowledge, I was engaged to Steve Lashley. No man likes to hear “No” from a woman's lips when even his petition is an idle one. For the first time I saw Mr. Fordyce's face distorted with a sneer of mingled anger and dislike, and I knew that my poor Steve's strange feeling toward Mr. Fordyce was reciprocated by that gentleman with equal intensity.

One night there was a party at Steve's father's. It was Martin's birthday. Mr. Fordyce told me later about 8 o'clock. It was a gay party. We had dancing, which we always have, and the music and supper were good. I danced with Steve several times, and, being in good spirits, found it rather difficult to maintain the distance I had lately adopted toward him. His eyes too, had such a soft tender light in them, and his lips such brightness.

“Come into the garden a minute, Bell,” he whispered to me at the close of a dance; “I have something to say to you.”

—and for the life of me I could not say no.

When we were in the moonlit garden he stopped where a clump of little bushes hid us from the house and drew from his bosom a roll of notes.

“I shall find a paying for our house, to-morrow,” he said, in a voice that excessive happiness made tremulous. I drew the money from the bank to-day twenty-five hundred dollars. Ah, how I have worked for this hour!”

I should have been harder than a millstone if I had not forgotten all my foolish anger at that moment, if I had not melted rather from my coldness; for I was as glad as he was, and I dropped my head upon his shoulder, there in the moon light, and cried happy, happy, remorseless tears.

“Steve,” I said, “you shall let me keep the money till morning. I shall think I have dreamed it you don't.”

Steve laughed to let me have my way. Ah, how easily, when it was his own house, he would have dared to take charge of such a sum of money; and fewer men would have permitted them. But Steve knew it was as safe, at all common calculation, with me as with himself.

As we turned toward the house for a single instant I thought I saw the shadow of a man cross our path; but, looking back, I saw nothing but the little bushes tossing in the summer air.

“What's the matter?” said Steve, noticing my backward gaze.

“Nonsense!” said he; and we were indoors.

Well, Steve and I were the happiest pair there that night, and Mr. Fordyce saw, and could not quite kill his eyes fast, saying that he kept us both for it, or I favored so.

The party broke up at 12 o'clock; that was late for us, and Mr. Fordyce, having brought me there, took me home. On the way he told me of another robbery that had taken place the night before at one of the hotels. A person had been robbed of \$500, which he had just received at the bank. Perhaps it was that story that made me tired as I was, besides some thought on a hiding place for Steve's money. I pondered very seriously as I took down my hair and arranged for the night; then with a laugh at my own ingenuity I tucked the roll of notes in my luxuriant tresses, and drew a net over to hold all in place. I was asleep almost the instant my head touched the pillow.

I ought to have slept soundly and dreamed happy dreams, but I did not. Some counter influence seemed to ruffle my slumbers and I awoke.

Some one was in my room. I knew it as well as though I could see, and the room was too dark for that. There was no sound either, but for all that I knew I was not alone. I tried to scream to raise my voice. I was frozen with terror. I never thought once of the money, or robbers, or anything that I knew of. I was only frightened so that I could not move hand or foot, or make a noise. I don't know but I stopped breathing. I can remember yet how cold I felt, though the night was warm.

Suddenly, without the warning of a breath I was conscious that a hand was crept stealthily about my pillow. As terror had stolen my senses, so now it brought some of them back. I gave one scream and sprang from the bed, or tried to. Two strong hands stopped me; a firm hand held me, while the other hand vainly sought to loose my hair. The net, more obstinate than nets usually are, would not come off probably because, in his hurry, my mysterious assailant was unconscious of its pliant meshes. He pulled my hair in his awkward attempt horribly. The pain was like a spur to me. As his arm lay across my arms I bent my head swiftly, and clenched my teeth upon it with a vicious snap that any woman could have given. He came to a standstill, but a few Skobolefs scattered up and down through a great army have their uses. They generally end by getting shot, and earn a short memoir and a good many decorations. But I hope it will be a long time before Skobolef meets his inevitable doom for he is a right good fellow, and a staunch comrade. He came to us from Baron Krendel's headquarters, with instructions that he should assume a temporary command of Col. Tutolin's brigade of Circassian Cossacks, who have also been attached to this expedition and execute a reconnaissance in the direction of Lovca. He rode off in the darkness, and after riding fifty miles, returned with the tidings that Lovca was held by five battalions of Turkish infantry, and its rays infested by Circassians, and Bashi-Bazouks.

Father finally turned pale when I told him; but he cautioned me not to betray that I suspected any one present, and he took Steve's part after his special charge. We all sat at breakfast. I should have said that Mr. Fordyce had shown his appearance about the same time as the rest of the family whom my sermons had aroused, and in the most natural manner. He came down to breakfast now, smiling, and just interested enough in my adventure.

Father went away into town after breakfast, and Mr. Fordyce sat in the garden and smoked. The officers who came to arrest him stole upon him from the back way and secured him before he thought of resistance.

It was a plain case. They found proof enough of robbery he had been at the bottom of all along with his friends, and he owned them last, with smiling mien, turning back his sleeve and showing me the prints my teeth had made on his right arm, and kissing them with the old gallant impudence.

Of course Steve made his payment and we were married at an early day.

In the Colorado Desert.

This is a story to illustrate the possibilities of the Colorado Desert: Some three years ago a wandering home hunter, having sold out his rude homestead in Los Angeles county, rigged up a team with a good supply of yearling nursery trees, etc., intending to go to Arizona, with his wife and two children. His way

was through this desert. Resting one day to recruit his horses, he found a bushy clump of bushes, his children amused themselves digging a hole. The mother noticed that the loamy sand was moist, and in few minutes she drove a crowbar down four feet below the hole and struck water. A wisp of straw inserted, brought up by capillary attraction enough to prove the water good and to quench thirst. Next day they dug a well and at six feet

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NEW BUSINESS CARDS.

UNION HALL!

BY
J. M. TROLL,
CARVER, MINN.
Liquors, Cigars, St. Paul and Minneapolis.
Good stabling and water attached.

RAGS! RAGS! RAGS!

I will pay the highest market price through
the country for old rags delivered to my
house in Chaska.

CASPER BOHLIG.

BAKERS HALL!

JOHN LORFELD, in Dahlgreen on
Sunday Evening Oct. 7th.

I respectfully and cordially invite all
my friends to be present and to which
I guarantee them a good time. Good
Baptist band will be in attendance.

Tickets 50 cents per couple, supper
extra.

JOHN LORFELD.

HENRY LEINERMAN,

proprietor of the

CHASKA BREWERY,

Chaska, Minn.

Orders for beer from neighboring
towns promptly attended to.

E. H. BLOCK

Physician & Surgeon.
Office—next door to Henk's Hardware Store.

CHASKA, MINN.

Office hours at all times of day or
night.

BENTON

Church Fair

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the
21st, 22d, and 23d day of October A.D.
1877.

Drawing of prizes, rule for valuable
articles, prize shooting, &c.

Good music will also be in attendance
and a grand dinner will be served.

REV. G. BRAUN

New Mail and Stage Route

FROM

CHASKA TO EXCELSIOR.

DAILY.

Leave Chaska at 10:30 a.m.

Arrive Excelsior at 1:00 p.m.

A convenient opportunity will be at
hand for the accommodation of the
traveling public.

JOHN KERKER,

Washington House, Chaska

DRS. LEWIS & BLOCK

Offices for the practice of Medicine
and Surgery.

Dr. COOPER, Chaska and Jordan.

Dr. Lewis' office days in Jordan, Mon-
days, Wednesdays and Saturdays. Dr.
Block on alternate days.

In Chaska and Chaska, Dr. Lewis
on Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays
on alternate days.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE
AKA COURT HOUSE BONDS.

Chaska, Minn., Sept. 12th, 1877.

The holders of the Chaska Town Bonds are
affidavit present said Bonds to be exchanged
for Bonds, as per resolution passed at the
Town Meeting held this day.

F. G. WENDELL, Char-

ter, Town Supervisor, Chaska.

P. W. WENDO, Town Clerk.

GOVERNMENT CLERK.

A sum of \$100000, 5 miles from town and
affidavit state. We want Lake, with house of
all sorts, 15 hours for sale, at \$8000 on
each item. Import of Wm. Sager at home.

GENERAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO COL-
LECTIONS.

Taxes paid for non-residents. Interest paid
on their deposits.

FRED RICHTER.

WHOLESALE, Dealers

IN

WINES & LIQUORS

No. 90 and 3rd St.

ST. PAUL, MINN.

general dealing business transacted. Sell
general drafts to all parts of Europe. Agent
for the sale of passage tickets to and from
Europe.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO COL-
LECTIONS.

Taxes paid for non-residents. Interest paid
on their deposits.

H. B. MILLIS.

DEALER IN

Grain, Forwarding and

Commission Merchant.

Office on Broadway.

CARVER, MINN.

general dealing business transacted. Sell
general drafts to all parts of Europe. Agent
for the sale of passage tickets to and from
Europe.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO COL-
LECTIONS.

Taxes paid for non-residents. Interest paid
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Taxes paid for non-residents. Interest paid
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HARDWARE!

STOVES

and

WAREHOUSE

FRED RICHTER.

Minn.

general dealing business transacted. Sell
general drafts to all parts of Europe. Agent
for the sale of passage tickets to and from
Europe.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO COL-
LECTIONS.

Taxes paid for non-residents. Interest paid
on their deposits.

LOCAL NEWS.

Minneapolis & St. Louis

Railway.

GOING SOUTH.

Train No. 1, departs, 8:50 a.m.

" " 3, " 4:20 p.m.

GOING NORTH.

Train No. 4, departs, 9:55 a.m.

" 6, " 4:55 p.m.

Train No. 1 runs through to Montgom-

ery, arriving there at noon. Departs

2:10 p.m., arriving at Chaska at 4:55 p.m.

Train No. 4 runs through to Chaska at

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space, w. 2 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
1 inch 875	1.25	2.00	4.00	6.00
2 inches 1.25	2.00	3.25	6.00	9.00
3 inches 1.25	2.00	3.25	6.00	14.00
4 inches 2.00	3.25	5.00	9.00	16.00
5 inches 2.75	4.25	7.00	12.50	20.00
6 inches 4.00	6.00	10.50	15.00	28.00
7 inches 4.00	6.00	10.50	15.00	30.00
8 inches 6.00	12	18.00	25.00	45.00
9 inches 6.00	12	18.00	25.00	45.00

Legal advertisements, 75 cents per column, first insertion, and 35 cents each subsequent insertion. Payment required on delivery of advertising.

1 folio is 250 ems solid matter.
Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion.
Transient advertisements payable in advance.

The Valley Herald.
Official County Paper.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
A. L. DU TOIT,
Editors and Publishers.

COUNTY OFFICERS:
Treasurer—Peter Weego.
Auditor—L. Strenkens.
Register of Deeds—F. Greiner.
Sheriff—F. E. Du Toit.
Clerk of Court—J. Kravens.
Attorney—E. Hause.
Surveyor—J. O. Brause.
Judge of Probate—J. A. Sargent.
School Superintendent—Wm. Benson.
Coroner—H. G. Gordon.
County Commissioners—S. B. Kohler, Chair-
man; A. W. Tiffey, Frederick Iltis, A. J.
Carlson, Adam Hill.

For the latest War and Miscellaneous news, see second page, inside columns.

Democratic County Ticket.

For County Treasurer,
PETER WEEGO.
For Register of Deeds,
FREDERICK GREINER,
County Sheriff,
F. E. DU TOIT,
Judge of Probate,
J. A. SARGENT,
Clerk of Dist. Court,
G. KRAVENBUL,
County Attorney,
L. B. BAXTER,
County Surveyor,
H. J. CHEYER,
County Superintendent,
WM. BENSON,
County Coroner,
ROBERT MILLER,
Chairman of Co. Comms.,
S. B. KOHLER.

We are unable to communicate the publication of Mr. Ludloff's address until next week. We have had the same translated and it is now ready for publication.

THE REPUBLICANS will make their nominations next Tuesday. This will complete the nominations. We hope they will act wisely and select good men for the different positions and then there will be no cause for contention and wire pulling. Put your best men forward and let the people act as juries and render their verdict.

Democratic Co. Ticket.

We respectfully call the attention of our readers to the Democratic county ticket which appears at the head of our columns. The nominees for the different positions to be filled this fall, are persons well known to our citizens being old residents of this country, and most of them have occupied positions of importance heretofore and have always retained the confidence and good will of our people. We hope to see them elected regardless of politics.

Peoples Convention.

We publish the proceedings of the Peoples Convention in another column. The full democratic county ticket was endorsed with the exceptions of Col. Baxter for County Atty. and Wm. Benson for Co. Sup't. The attendance, it is stated was fair.

Ohio Election.

The election for Governor and state officers in Ohio occurred last Tuesday, and although complete returns have not been received, yet the democratic gains are so large that there is no doubt of the election of the entire democratic ticket.

The republicans elect their State ticket in Iowa by largely reduced majorities.

School Money.

The State Supt. of Public Instruction has made the October appropriation of school money. Carver Co. receives \$3138.24 on 3,269 scholars, being 95 cents per scholar.

Indian Battle.

Gen. Miles, the successor of General Custer, as the Indian fighter of the plains, overtook Joseph with his band of Nez Perces, on Eagle creek in Montana and after three days of fighting compelled the Indians to surrender. The following is his telegram to Gen. Terry announcing his victory.

"DEAR GENERAL: We have had our usual success. We made a very direct and rapid march across the country, and after a severe engagement, and being kept under fire for three days, the hostile camp of Nez Perces under Chief Joseph surrendered at 2 o'clock to-day. I intend to start the Second cavalry toward Benton on the 7th inst. Cannot supplies be sent out on the Benton road to meet them and return with the remainder of the command to the Yellowstone? I hear that there is trouble between the Sioux and the Canadian authorities."

I remain, general,

Yours very truly,

NELSON A. MILES,
Col., Brevet Maj. Gen. U. S. A., Commanding.

The Weekly Valley Herald.

A. L. DU TOIT & CO., Proprietors.

VOLUME 16

CHASKA, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, OCT. 11 1877.

TERMS, \$1.50 PER ANNUM.

NUMBER 8

Chaska Bakery
AND
Confectionary.

On 2nd St.

The undersigned respectfully calls the attention of the citizen of Chaska and vicinity to his new perfect regulated Bakery and Confectionery. Also keep on hand all kind of candies.

To accommodate my customers in Carver Mr. Chr

Goetz has undertaken to sell all articles wanted in my line of business.

GOTTLIB EDER.

CARVER COUNTY

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Office at CHASKA and CARVER

The following time-tried and tested companies are represented in this Agency:

Fire and Marine of St. Paul,

Actua of Hartford,

Phoenix of Hartford,

Hartford of Hartford,

Home of Columbus,

Phoenix, of Brooklyn,

American Central of St. Louis

German American of N. Y.

Fireman's Fund of San Francisco

Traveler's Accident Insurance

Co. of Hartford,

German American Hail

Inc. Co. of St. Paul.

The aggregate capital of these companies amounts to over

\$23,000,000,

enabling them to carry ANY and EVERY risk.

Before insuring elsewhere, give me a call and I assure you that I can and will give you the best terms, lowest rates and most reliable security.

W. C. BREGENHAGEN.



JOE FRANKEN

Dealers in

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

Chemicals,

PERFUMERY,

SOAP, COMBS AND BRUSHES,

SUPPORTERS,

SHOULDER BRACES,

Fancy and Toilet Articles,

CHINA WARE,

BOOKS AND STATIONERY

Rustic Window Shades,

a large and well selected stock of

Wall Paper,

KEROSENE, LINSEED,

and all kinds of

MACHINE OILS,

which will be sold at the lowest prices.

FRUIT JARS,

GRASS & GARDEN SEEDS,

and a large stock of

Window Glass and Glass Ware,

Putty, Paint, Varnish,

and

DYE STUFFS,

Pure Wines and Liquors

for medicinal purposes.

Patent Medicines

of all kinds.

PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS

compounded from the purest drugs, made & sealed, and all orders correctly filled.

Our goods are selected with care, and warranted as represented.

John Orth.

Jed Wilson.

John Orth & Co.

BEER BREWERS,

Minneapolis, Minn.

On 2nd St.

The undersigned has opened a cash store for the sale of

Hardware, Tinware,

and House Furnishing Goods.

SPOUTING & REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

Farmers and others should call on me before purchasing elsewhere, as I am bound to sell very cheap for cash.

Emile Bucholz, Prop'r

Feb. 25 1y.

MARKET HOTEL,

Corner 1st Str. & 1st Ave. North.

FRANK DARK. Manager Minneapolis, West.

This Hotel has just been newly fitted up and offered to the traveling public on board the best of accommodations.

Good stables and an experienced horsekeeper are at service any time.

North Western Hotel.

GLENCOE, Minn.

Is centrally located, and has good stables attached.

JOSEPH EHLEM, Prop'r

Feb. 25 1y.

Opposite The old Store

2nd Street.

CHASKA, Minn.

The undersigned has opened a cash store for the sale of

Hardware, Tinware,

and House Furnishing Goods.

REPAIRING & REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

Farmers and others should call on me before purchasing elsewhere, as I am bound to sell very cheap for cash.

Emile Bucholz, Prop'r

Feb. 25 1y.

OSCAR SCHENEMAN

Elgin Watches

Watches, Jewelry &c.

CHASKA, Minn.

Repairing of WATCHES and CLOCKS.

Promptly attended to. All work guaranteed.

WATCHMAKER.

and dealer in

Watches, Jewelry &c.

CHASKA, Minn.

Repairing of WATCHES and CLOCKS.

Promptly attended to. All work guaranteed.

John Orth.

John Orth & Co.

BEER BREWERS,

Minneapolis, Minn.

PHILLIP HENK,
is still at his old stand in Chaska, and constantly announces to the public that he has the largest Stock of HARDWARE of all kinds and descriptions in CARVER COUNTY, consisting of STOVES, IRON, NAILS, GLASS, CUTLERY, and SHELF HARDWARE.

Putting up stores is the order of the day. Everything is quiet, no political excitement.

Both of our ministers have gone to attend the conference.

Mr. Corbett left on the morning train for Springfield, Mo.

Chaska Valley Herald.

FRED. E. DU TOIT, EDITOR.

CHASKA, CARVER CO., MINNESOTA

INTERESTING CURRENT TOPICS.

A Vicksburg man made his suicide remarkable by tying a heavy stone to himself before he jumped into the river.

The printed invitations to a negro ball in Tennessee bore the advice: "Leave your razors at home for fear you may fall on them."

A deacon of a Cambridge Congregational church induced the church to vote unanimously to use unfermented wine in communion; and now they laugh at him for that kind has been used there for many years.

Two panels of twenty-four jurors each were exhausted, and only six jurors chosen, in a case in Oakland, Cal., because the prosecuting witness were Chinamen, and the jurors would not believe a Chinaman under oath.

Lucky Baldwin, the San Francisco millionaire, is the defendant in suit brought by a woman who claims that she entrusted \$2,000 to him for a speculation, and that he swindled her out of it. He says the money was honestly lost in mining stocks.

Wealthy Chinamen of San Francisco are suspected of crippling the feet of their little girls, after the fashion in their own country. Ah Moon is under arrest for having removed the bones from his daughter's feet, so that they could be compressed.

Bismarck, passing through Leipzig on his journey to Gastein, consulted Dr. Georgii. It is said that he complained of being unable to apply himself with vigor to his work, and that whenever he has been at work for several hours he is unable to sleep for many nights afterward.

A seven-year-old boy is missing in Philadelphia; a little playmate says: "We went into an empty house, and played there a good long time, and when we came out some big boys came by and pulled the door shut, and Willie was inside;" but he has no idea where the house is. The police are to search every unoccupied house in the city.

Mr. Hutchinson, a leading operator on the Chicago Board of Trade, wished to secure a certain estate for his son-in-law, and bid \$49,000. Then he discovered that there was a sealed bid in the competition, and induced the assignees to wait till he could put in a new bid at a higher figure. He subsequently learned that in his second he had raised on his son-in-law's offer just \$12,000.

Two brothers named Mitchel, confined in the San Bernardo, Cal., jail recently escaped by presenting a wooden revolver at the jailor's head while he sat at supper, and so terrifying him that he gave up the prison keys and suffered himself to be bound hand and foot. The revolver was whittled out of a pine stick. Sheet zinc was rolled up and fastened on to represent the cylinder and chambers.

A letter written by Horace Greeley, two days later than the one recently published as his last, on the morning that finally left the Tribune office, is sent to the Brooklyn Eagle in It reads: "My misfortunes does not come single spies, but in battalions." I grieve that you are also a sufferer by our disastrous canvas. I cannot say that I see any light ahead."

The French society against the abuse of tobacco offers the following prizes: "(1) A prize of 100 francs to the member of the institution who will write the best memoir designed to guard youth against the premature use of tobacco; (2) a prize of 200 francs to the medical man who will relate the greatest number of interesting and unpublished observations with regard to tobacco; (3) a prize of 300 francs to the author of the best memoir relating to the influence of tobacco on studies, especially in lycées and in special schools, civil and military.

Russian monitors stationed at Odessa received orders to go after some Turkish monitors, and endeavor to draw them into a fight. The commanders of the vessels declared the orders impossible of fulfillment, and an investigation being made, it was ascertained that, owing to their peculiar construction, the heat in the engine rooms of the Russian boats became so great when under way the crew was utterly overpowered. In case of inclement weather certain air holes had to be closed to keep out the water, and then the heat became suffocating. The decks are so hot in warm weather that they cannot be walked on without double-soled shoes, and the concession from the enormous guns is so terrible that almost the whole crew have trouble with their hearing, and some have, at intervals, lost it entirely.

Joseph Smith, son of the originator of Mormonism, is president of the monogamous sect of Latter Day Saints, in Plano, Ill. He claims to be the recipient of direct revelations from God, and the divinely chosen successor of his father. He says of Brigham Young: "He has been permitted to amass vast wealth, surpassing himself in an almost regal splendor. Out of the monetary affairs of the church full one half of all the distrust and want of confidence has grown; and it has been the abuse of monetary trusts from first to last that has been the bane that has poisoned the springs of unity and peace. Not much else could have been expected where so flagrant an infringement of the law recognized as having been given of God was persisted in. It will now be seen whether the trust so long reposed, where the interests were so important and so irresponsibly placed have been betrayed."

THE WORLD MIRRORED.

Crimes, Criminals and Accidents.

Edward South has pleaded guilty to burning the Lebanon Valley Railroad bridge during the railroad strike.

Bryant was dangerously wounded in a fight with Adams in the Black Hills since died.

James B. Hawkins, colored, has been convicted of outraging a young white girl in Howard County Md., and sentenced to be confined.

An incendiary in Nanticoke, a small mining town near Wilkesbarre, Pa., on the 5th, burned four buildings. Loss \$25,000, mostly insured.

Morton the dishonest street railway President of Philadelphia has made an assignment of all his property to his creditors, but its value is not yet known.

The jury in the case of ex-assistant secretary of the Treasury, F. E. Sawyer, charged with defrauding the government have rendered a verdict of guilty.

The release of Povey and Harrison who led the mob at the recent riots at Wilkesbarre Pa., was celebrated by a enthusiastic demonstration of working men.

The north bound coach on the Sydenham road was stopped on the night of the 2nd near Buffalo Gap by four outlaws, and the one passenger and the agent relieved of seven dollars.

The aggregation of the forgeries of the plaus New York banker W. C. Gilman which proved disadvantageous to him in the ensuing year, and filled the name of President Hayes.

There is a general panic among the Savings banks' depositors at Cape Cod, Massachusetts, and it is probably all the worse will continue to the sheriff's posse at Girardville on the 1st inst., and in the death at the latter's hands of William Hartman a leader of the mob.

A New York broker named W. C. Gilman, who was a church member and highly esteemed by all who knew him, has, by means of raised insurance scrip, victimized banks and leading business firms in that city to the tune of \$25,000.

A Missourian named John Flora, living at Pickerton, Needy county, put the toe of his boot on the hammer of his gun to open the vent to blow in the barrel when his foot slipped and the gun was discharged killing him instantly.

In the trial of the July rioters as Reading, Pa. on the 2d, Samuel Humphreys who was indicted for burning the Labannay Valley bridge, turned state's evidence and confessed to holding a lamp and setting fire to a burning log wood thrown to him by a man named Smith.

A party of fifteen rangers recently started in pursuit of a gang of cattle-thieves who had stolen a large number of cattle in Connecticut was almost entirely destroyed by fire on the morning of the 30th ult. The business portion except the new hotel and the U. S. Circuit Court with an address expressive of the respect for personal property and as a Judge, and tendered him a banquet.

The thriving village of Putnam in the western abutment of the great iron bridge spanning the Missouri at Atchison Kansas, gave way and about 700 feet of the embankment fell in.

Five tons of powder exploded at fire in Larabee's Point Pt: opposite Ticonderoga on the 27th, destroying a warehouse filled with a large amount of goods and making great local havoc.

The leading lawyers and merchants of St. Louis have presented Judge Gilman of the U. S. Circuit Court with an address expressive of the respect for personal property and as a Judge, and tendered him a banquet.

The Presidents of the leading trunk lines of Railroads are still in private consultation in New York, but beyond the fact that their deliberations will almost certainly result in increased freight rates, nothing definite is known.

Robert Small, the colored ex-member of Congress from South Carolina has been arrested and taken to Columbia.

Frank Leslie's business in New York is to be carried on by the creditors and he himself allowed a salary of 20 per cent on the profits.

The Republican convention of Ohio on the 6th laid on the table resolutions endorsing Hayes' southern policy and civil service reform.

Captain Adams and Lieuts Powell and Cramton of the U. S. surveyors, have arrived at Memphis for the purpose of making a survey of the Mississippi river.

Cassins M. Clay, of Kentucky shot and killed a negro, named Henry White, in Madison county, Kentucky, on the 30th ult. The shooting was done in self-defense.

The State Central Committee on the Greenback and United Labor parties have joined teams and will conduct the canvass in Pennsylvania on the joint principle.

The funeral of Archbishop Bayley, the Roman Catholic Primate of America, took place in Baltimore on the 5th, in the presence of an immense concourse of people.

Congressman Smalls of South Carolina was brought to Columbia on the 6th, under a writ of habeas corpus issued by the court, and was remanded to the custody of the marshal.

Prominent Republicans of the Union League of New York are making arrangements for calling a mass meeting to endorse Senator C. H. Conkling.

A. H. Horton of Kansas has been nominated to fill the unexpired term of Judge Kneggen in the Court of Appeals bench. L. A. Humphrey was also nominated for Lieutenant Governor.

The navigation of the Keokuk Canal has been closed for the season owing to the springing of the mire sill of the lower gates of the lower lock. Commodore Davidson wished to run his boats from above the lower lock and then transfer freight over the sides of the canal to steamers in the river, but the impracticability of this course was demonstrated and the plan abandoned.

The American troops who crossed the Rio Grande in pursuit of Indian horse thieves, have returned without overtaking the Indians, and without suffering any disaster or fighting a battle as last reported.

The small body of Mexican troops kept in sight of the American troops during their march from San Diego River to the Rio Grande, but made no hostile demonstrations.

The commission investigating the secret service of the Treasury Department have examined chief Brooks and assistant chief Benson. Other witnesses will be called. The commission decided to limit the investigation to the character and condition of operations in the secret service division since the 4th of March last, and to inquire into what improvement, if any, can be made in its efficiency.

Rumors of an engagement between Lieut. Bullis and the Mexicans on Mexican soil are current at Galveston. Col. Shaffer with 600 men crossed the Rio Grande on the 30th ult, and went to the relief of Bullis.

There were then eight companies of American troops on Mexican soil. The command of the Mexican forces in that locality has ordered its officers to keep off the trail of the Americans until they recross the river.

The annual meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Peabody Educational Fund met in New York on the 3rd. The 11th report of Dr. Sears was read, reviewing the work of the last ten years, and comparing the present state of education in the South with its former condition. In Virginia the amount furnished last year was \$1,830, and for the past ten years \$4,900, and for ten years \$16,600; in North Carolina \$4,300 and \$28,650; in Georgia \$4,000 and \$7,102; Florida \$6,500 and \$45,450; Alabama for ten years \$55,550; Mississippi \$58,575; Louisiana \$55,578; Texas \$18,600; Arkansas \$60,000; Tennessee \$19,630 and West Virginia \$10,710.

Miscellaneous.

Woman suffrage has been defeated in Colorado.

A destructive fire has taken place at Corsicana, Texas.

The Fidelity Savings Bank of Chicago closed its doors on the 23d.

Grant is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Sartoris, near Southampton.

The Grand Commandery of Wisconsin Knights Templar convened in Madison on the 2d.

The Allegheny Savings bank the oldest in Pittsburgh suspended payment on the morning of the 3rd.

Theodore Roosevelt and Gen. Merritt has been selected for Collector and Surveyor of the port of New York.

A猝死的 switch collided two freight trains near Clyde N. Y., killing one man and wounding one train. Loss \$75,000.

The yellow fever has appeared in Port Royal, S. C., but as the population is small there is no need of outside assistance.

The Gulf House in Louisville, Ky., the original cost of which exceeded \$1,000,000 has been sold by the assignees for \$157,940.

The Indians are leaving Spotted Tail Agency for the North, and for every lodge that comes in it is believed twenty go out.

The Steamer Massachusetts struck upon rocks near Green Point Long Island on the 6th, and will prove a total loss. No loss of life.

The delegation of Sioux and Arapahoes who have been visiting in Washington have turned their faces westward for Council Bluffs.

A destructive fire broke out in McKeesport 13 miles below Pittsburgh Pa., on the 3rd, and destroyed a large portion of the business part of the town.

The trustees of the Peabody educational fund have re-elected their old board for the ensuing year, and filled a vacancy with the name of President Hayes.

There is a general panic among the Savings banks' depositors at Cape Cod, Massachusetts, and it is probably all the worse will continue to the sheriff's posse at Girardville on the 1st inst., and in the death at the latter's hands of William Hartman a leader of the mob.

Mukhtar Pasha gives a long account of a battle near Kastell, which proved indecisive. On the right the Turks being threatened by six battalions, assumed the offensive. They surrounded the Russians to Asperthal. Night stopped the conflict. Both sides maintained their positions. Mukhtar Pasha estimated the Russian loss at 500, the Turkish loss being unknown. Faizi Pasha was wounded. There was no fighting on the 4th, except near Karakil, of which the dispatch goes to details. The rumor that two Russian generals were killed is unfounded. The Porte in a dispatch to its representation abroad, claims that Mukhtar gained an overwhelming victory.

Further particulars of the battle before Kars make it evident that the Russians as assault the Turkish positions along the whole line, and were repulsed with heavy loss. The main action was fought on the 4th. The Turks seem to have been taken by surprise.

On the night of the 6th, instant, the western abutment of the great iron bridge spanning the Missouri at Atchison Kansas, gave way and about 700 feet of the embankment fell in.

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Second. By the demonetization of American gold, starting with the gold coin not amounting to more than two thousand million dollars, payable in gold alone.

Third. By arbitrary enactment forcing the circulating medium of the country under which the government bonds are issued and the National debt incurred, in favor of the creditor, the bond-holders, and against the debtor—the people—the middle class of the country.

Fourth. The enormous and unnecessary revenue of nine millions of dollars, which is to be exacted from the people by the tax on gold, will be paid in gold alone.

It is demanded that the people of the State be compelled to send their tolls to the port of Liverpool, attaining five cents per bushel, and that the tolls be paid in gold.

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A CHILD'S WISH.

"Be my fairy, mother,
Give me a wish to-day;
Something as well in sunshine
As when the rain-drops play."

"And if I were a fairy,
With but one wish to spare,
What should I give thee, darling,
To quiet thine earnest prayer?"

I like a little brother, mother,
All for my very own,
Tidings all day along the trees,
And sing the gayest song:

"To the right under the sunflow,
And sing me fast asleep;

With soft steps and a tudder sound,
Over the grass to sleep."

"Make it run down the hill, mother,
With a lea like a twinkling bird,

So fast I never could catch the leaf
That into its fountain fell.

It's as wild as a frightened bird,
As crazy as a bee,
With a noise like the baby's funny laugh—
That's the brook for me!"

A Canadian Heroine.

Francis Parkman, in his new book on Frontenac in the French and Indian War, gives following account of a young heroine's exploits as a military commander in the defense of the fort of Vercelles, near Quebec:

"On the morning of the 22d of October the inhabitants were at work in the fields and nobody was left in the place but two soldiers, two boys, a woman and child. The sojourner * * * was on duty in Quebec; his wife was at Montreal; and their daughter Madeline, 14 years of age, was at the fort. * * * Suddenly she heard firing from the direction where the settlers were at work, and an instant after Laviollette cried out, 'Run, mademoiselle, run, here come the Iroquois.' She turned and saw forty or fifty of them at the distance of a pistol shot. 'I ran to the fort (she says in her own account of the affair), commanding myself to the Holy Virgin. * * * The two soldiers in the fort were so scared that several palisades had fallen down and left openings by which the enemy could easily get in. I ordered them to be set up again, and I helped to carry them myself. When the breach was stopped I went to the block-house where the ammunition is kept, and here I found the two soldiers, one hiding in the corner and the other with a lighted match in his hand. 'What are you going to do with that match?' I asked. 'He answered, 'Light the powder and blow us all up.' You are a miserable coward,' said I, 'go below this place. I spoke so roughly to him that he obeyed. I then threw off my bonnet and, after putting on a hat and taking a gun, I said to my two brothers: 'Let us fight to the death. We are fighting for our country and our religion. Remember that our father has taught you that gentlemen are born to shed their blood for the service of God and the king.'

"The boys, who were 12 and 10 years old, aided by the soldiers, whom her words had inspired with some little courage, began to fire from the loopholes upon the Iroquois, who, ignorant of the weakness of the garrison, showed their usual reluctance to attack a fortified place and occupied themselves with chasing and butchering the people in the neighboring hills. Madeline ordered a camp to be fixed directly to the right of the soldiers, who were hunting at a distance. The women and children in the fort cried and screamed without ceasing. She ordered them to stop, lest their terror should encourage the Indians. A canoe was presently seen approaching the landing place. It was a settler named Fontaine, trying to reach the fort with his family. The Iroquois were still near, and Madeline feared that the new comers would be killed if they did not come to the fort. 'I thought that the savages would suppose it to be a ruse to draw them toward the fort, in order to make a sortie upon them. They did suppose so, and thus I was able to save the Fontaine family. When they were all landed I made them march before me in full sight of the enemy. We put so bold a face on it that I thought they had more to fear than we.

"Strengthened by this reinforcement, I ordered that the enemy should be fired on whenever they showed themselves. After sunset a violent northeast wind began to blow across the fort, and I am taken, don't render even if I am cut to pieces and burned before your eyes.'

The enemy cannot hurt you in the blockhouse if you make the least sign of fight placed you in safety. I am sure that I used the old man on the third, and I took the fourth, and all night, in spite of wind, snow, and hail, the cries of all's well were kept up from the blockhouse to the fort, and from the fort to the blockhouse. One would have thought that the place was full of soldiers. The Iroquois thought so and were completely deceived, as they confessed afterward to Mr. de Calheries * * * I may say with truth that I did not eat or sleep for twice twenty-four hours. I did not once go into my father's house, but kept always on the bastion, or went to the blockhouse to see how the people there were behaving. I always kept a cheerful, smiling face, and encouraged my little company with the hope of speedy success.

"We were a week in constant alarm with the enemy always about us. At last

Monsieur de Calheries, lieutenant

sent by Monsieur de Callieres, arrived in the night with forty men.

As he did not know whether the fort was taken or not, he approached as silently as possible. One of our sentinels, hearing a slight sound, cried, 'Qui vive!' I was at the time dressing, with my head on a table and my gun lying across my arms. The sentinel told me that he heard a voice from the river. I went up at once to the bastion to see whether it was Indians or Frenchmen. I asked, 'Who are you?' One of them an-

sweered, 'We are Frenchmen; it is La Monnerie, who comes to bring you help.' I caused the gate to be opened, placed a sentinel there, and went down to the river to meet them. As soon as I saw Monsieur la Monnerie I saluted him, and said, 'Monsieur, I surrender my arms to you.' He answered gallantly, 'Mademoiselle, they are in good hands.' Better than you think, I returned. He inspected the fort, and came to me, saying in a low voice, 'It is time to relieve them.' I said, 'I have not been off our bastions for a week.'

The sequel of this romantic story ends as all such stories should end. It is on record that Mlle. Madeline was happily married again. Mr. Parkman records the fact, too, that she inherited her heroic spirit, her mother having been the heroine of a similar defense of another fort.

Learn a Trade.

Let the boys and young men of this town read the following from the *Telote Bladet* and take the hint:

There is one lesson which we hope the present times will so deeply engrave upon the minds of all parents that its impression will never be effaced. That is the necessity of teaching boys some trade and making them thoroughly conversant with it.

The flood of men who are wandering anxiously about the streets of all great cities, seeking with their mothers employment which will provide for them, lass and families even a meager support, contains surprisingly few mechanics, or men who have been trained up to any regular trade requiring skill and practice. It is made up mainly of men who in their youth were "smart" young men, who thought they knew too much to tie themselves down to the drudgery and unpleasantry of any shop. They would be "gentlemen," wear good clothes, and follow some light "gentle" employment, though they could follow without serious effects upon their clothes or hands.

These men have drifted around, clerked in a dry goods store, at a small salary, run a cigar stand, perhaps did some evidently good keeping, copied papers, etc., and all of the thousand and one things involving but little manual labor, brains or experience, which are possible in our complex system of life. As long as times were flush they succeeded tolerably well in satisfying their little ambitions. They wore tolerably good clothes, and seemed passably "gentle." But the moment the stringency began to make itself felt they were the first to suffer. Employers turned them off relentlessly, and retained skilled men to the last.

The reason was obvious. A trained man is an acquisition to any establishment, and if dropped there is no certainty about replacing him. But the drop of these men is singularly "peculiarly safe." It is never failing, one, and a man can go out into the street and pick up a hundred of them in an hour's time, each of whom will know about as much, able to do about the same things, have the same general low standard of usefulness as the other. An advertisement in any leading daily newspaper in the United States for "a man for some light, respectable employment" would bring a thousand applicants in twenty-four hours, the majority of which would state that "wages would not be so much of an object as steady employment."

But no such response would be made for an advertisement for bricklayers or carpenters, or stone masons. No, the art of and need of claimants for work is apparent, and could come trudging up in answer to advertisements for bricklayers, plumbers, painters, tanners or mechanics generally. Trade may be dull with those men, and wages low, but those who understand their business find no difficulty in securing steady employment.

Men who have been watchmen, policemen, barkeepers, conductors, clerks, copyists, bookkeepers, and all that miscellaneous crowd throng to our lumber-yards, and similar places and offer to work carrying lumber or similar ordinary labor at from 75 cents to a dollar a day. But they are few, if any, mechanics in this crowd, and if those who claim to be are examined will be found that their mechanical skill is of the most ordinary kind.

This is the fate which overtakes those who at the outset of life scorned to bind themselves down to the unpleasant lot of an apprentice. They go to the railroad to beg employment in any capacity, and find there in transit positions, at fine salaries, as conductors, engineers, master mechanics, etc., the men who a few years ago they looked down upon as greasy and dirty little Irish and German boys, who were following "low" and "ungentle" business. The same is true wherever they go. Everywhere they find the despised apprentices of a few years ago are the men now having authority and position, to whom they must apply for places, and who will be their "bosses," if they get a place. This is the dignity of labor revenging itself.

The Miserable Dove.

A mournful dove, cooing for its mate, sundered the bars of its prison gate and sought a retreat among the leafy branches of a poplar tree on Pike street.

"Coo, coo," sang the mournful dove.

A truant schoolboy, homeward bound caught the plaintive notes and in the wickedness of his heart he said, "I'll stay a stone but the bird just ducked its innocent head, while the missile passed through a French plate-glass window opposite, and buried itself in a feather bed. Then the truant boy thought he had the far-away voice of his mother calling, and his heels took wings and flew.

"Coo, coo," sang the gentle dove.

A fourth street clerk, a dapper little boy in a cross-banded suit, passed beneath the shady poplar tree and said:

"It's many a day since I was a pitcher in the Crimson Socks; has my hand yet lost in running?"

Then he gathered a bowlder and hauled it toward the harmless bird with all his pristine vigor, but it fell far short of its mark. Describing a beautiful parabola, it bore down in full force upon an inoffensive old gentleman with a beaver hat, who was approaching the spot under the protection of his umbrella. In the confusion, the bowlder, the old gentleman, the beaver hat, and bowlder all sank to the pavement in an ignominious heap; the cross-banded clerk, too, went swiftly down—far, far down the street.

"Coo, coo," sang the mournful dove.

A toll-worn mechanic from a furniture factory slowly trudged that way, and beneath his arm he bore a bundle of kindling wood. The doleful sound fell upon his ear, and he drew from his bundle a crooked stick shaped like a boomerang, murmuring the while to himself, "I think this'll fetch that pigeon down outer there." But, mind you, the sorrowful

A Tramp's Philosophy.

A correspondent of the Springfield *Republican* says: "To-day a tramp told me he didn't like Connecticut railroads; it was a great deal harder to steal a ride than in Pennsylvania, where one could get on a coal train easily, and a freight or passenger train now and then. He made many inquiries about the state laws, as the penalties for getting on trains and not paying your fare, and was anxious to find out whether the Massachusetts law was similar. He thought we had 'too many d—d brakemen' on our roads. The other day a tramp came to a summer house near Hartford, and asked for food. The owner of the house was very kind, gave him work, and showed him his simple life. The tramp took it over measured it carefully, and said, 'No, I guess not; I could not make a dollar and feed for a day's work on that. I can do better on the road. People will give me food, and, by and by, somebody will give me a pair of boots, and some one else a pair of pants—better in each case than I could afford to buy. The world has used me so well since I quit work, that I guess I'll keep on awhile."

A Modest Life Insurance Co.

We have just been favored with copies of the official report of the Insurance Commissioners for New York, Massachusetts, Maryland, and Wisconsin, which were some days ago deposited with a thorough examination of the affairs of the greatest life insurance company of the northwest, the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee. The examination was undoubtedly one of the most exact and complete on record, for every one of the gentlemen named is practically conversant with

THE NOVELTY

and exceptional

strength of its per-

fume are the pecu-

liar fascinations of

this luxurious ar-

ticle, which has ac-

quired popularity

hitherto unequalled

by any Toilet Soap

of home or foreign

manufacture.

STARANT'S SELTZER.

SELLER OF

SEASIDE SOAPS.

SELLER OF

SEASIDE CREAMS.

SELLER OF

SEASIDE OILS.

SELLER OF

SEASIDE CANDIES.

SELLER OF

A CHILD'S WISH.

"Be my fairy, mother,
Give me a wish to-day;
Something as well in sunshine,
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With but one wish to spare,
What should I give thee, darling,
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"I like a little brother, mother,
All for my very own,
To laugh all day among the trees,
And shine on the mossy stone;

"To run right under the window,
And have it always a-tinkling,
With soft steps and a tender sound,
Over the grass to sleep."

Make it run down the hill, mother,
With a leap like a tinkling bell,
So fast I never could catch the leaf
That from its fountain fell!

Take it as what's a frightened bird,
As crazy as a bee,
With a noise like the baby's funny laugh—
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A Canadian Heroine.

Francis Parkman, in his new book on Frontenac in the French and Indian war, gives the following account of a young heroine's exploits as a military commander in the defense of the fort of Vécheres, near Quebec:

"On the morning of the 22d of October the inhabitants were at work in the fields, and nobody was left in the place but two soldiers, two boys, an old man of 80, and a number of women and children. The signor, * * * was duty in Quebec; his wife was at Montreal; and their daughter Madeline, 14 years of age, was at the landing. At the gate of the fort, * * * suddenly heard firing from the direction where the settlers were at work, and an instant after Lavilette cried out, 'Run mademoiselle, run, here come the Iroquois!' She turned and saw forty or fifty of them at the distance of a pistol shot. 'I ran to the fort (she says in her own account of the affair), commanding myself to the Holy Virgin. * * * The two soldiers in the fort was so scared that they hid in the block-house. At the gate I found two women crying for their husbands, who had just been killed. I made them go in, and then shut the gate. I next thought what I could do to save myself and the few people with me, who were in pieces, and around them several pale-faced half-clad savages and half-organized, by which the enemy could easily get in. I ordered them to be set up again, and I helped to carry them myself. When the breach was stopped I went to the block-house where the ammunition is kept, and here I found the two soldiers, one hiding in the corner and the other with a lighted match in his hand. 'What are you going to do with that match?' I asked. He answered, 'Light the powder and blow us all up.' 'You are a miserable coward,' said I, 'go out of this place.' I spoke so resolutely that he obeyed. I then threw off my bonnet, and, after putting on my hat and taking a gun, I said to my two brothers: 'Let us fight to the death. We are fighting for our country and our religion. Remember that our father has taught you that gentlemen are born to shed their blood for the service of God and the king.'

The boy, who was 12 and 10 years old, sided by the soldiers, whom her words had inspired with some little courage, began to fire from the loopholes upon the Iroquois, who, ignorant of the weakness of the garrison, showed their usual reluctance to attack a fortified place and encamped themselves with chafing and bickering the people in the neighboring fields. Madeline ordered a canon to be fired, partly to warn some of the soldiers, who were hunting at a distance. The women and children in the fort cried and screamed without ceasing. She ordered them to set fire to the fort, so that they might be able to do something more than the same general low standard of usefulness as the other. An advertisement in any leading daily newspaper in the United States for "a man for some light, respectable employment," would bring a thousand applicants in twenty-four hours, the majority of which would state that "wages would not be so much of an object as steady employment."

But no such response would be made for an advertisement for bricklayers or carpenters, or stonemasons. No thousands of men clamorous to work at any price, would come trooping up in answer to an advertisement for blacksmiths, plumbers, painters, timbers or mechanics generally. Trade may be dull with those men, and wages low; but the man who understands their business will find difficulty in securing employments.

Men who have been watchmen, police men, barkeepers, conductors on streetcars, porters, drivers; those engaged in lands and open the world over. Receive coloquies from the manufacturers with their experience of half a century almost, have carried the art to perfection, sparing neither money nor effort to obtain and give to the public every valuable improvement in service, they however exceed over three hundred modifications.

They give the following reasons for their own failure, and that of the public in Fairbanks' Seals:

"The manufacturers with their experience of half a century almost, have carried the art to perfection, sparing neither money nor effort to obtain and give to the public every valuable improvement in service, they however exceed over three hundred modifications."

The reason was obvious. A trained man is an acquisition to any establishment, and if dropped there is no certainty about replacing him. But the crop of these men who are simply "generally useful" is a never-failing one, and a man can go out into the street and pick up a hundred of them in an hour's time, each of whom knows about one thing and is unable to do almost anything else.

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Time will tell, and time has told that any man's a fool who pays old prices. When Jones, of Binghamton, Binghamton, N. Y., offers Five Ton Wagons \$10000, and has several thirty lawsuits on his hands for infringement of patents.—*Y. Evening Express.*

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LINENFELSER & FABER'S
COLUMN.

We are now receiving
Goods daily, consisting of

DRY GOODS

AND

NOTIONS,

Ready-Made Clothing,

HATS and CAPS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

Crockery & Glassware.

These goods were bought
to be sold at

Prices to Suit Customers.

We buy all our goods in
Chicago and New York, for
cash, and defy competition!

WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

All are invited to come
and examine our goods, and
they will not go away dis-
satisfied.

We sell for **Cash**, and can
sell **Cheaper** than any estab-
lishment that sells on trust.
We do not have to make up
our bad debts off our cash
customers, and can afford
to put our goods at the **low-
est prices**.

You can save money by
buying your goods of us,

You can get better goods
for less money. We keep no
shoddy, but all our goods
are warranted to be of the
best material and what they
are represented.

We keep constantly on
hand the best stock of

GROCERIES

In the Minnesota Valley,
consisting of Coffees, Sugar,
Teas, Pure Spices, etc., etc.,
which we are selling at
prices that defy competition.

We pay the highest
market price for Wh.
Oats, Corn, Barley, and all
kinds of farm produce, in
cash, or goods at cash prices.

JUDGE WALTER, of Carver,
will make his old home in Ohio a visit next week.

Mr. Adelberger of Watertown, dropped in
to our sanctum on Thursday while in town

on business.

Mr. E. B. Harrison, of Chanhassen
was in town on Monday on his way to the
People's convention.

A large number of our citizens were in
the greater part of the week in
Minneapolis, attending the
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LOCAL NEWS.

Minneapolis & St. Louis
Railway.
GOING SOUTH.
Train No. 1, departs, 8:50 a.m.
" " 3, " 4:20 p.m.
GOING NORTH.
Train No. 4, departs, 9:55 a.m.
" " 6, " 4:55 p.m.
Train No. 1 runs through to Montgom-
ery, arriving there at noon. Departs at
2:10 p.m., arriving at Chaska at 4:55 p.m.
(No. 8.)

"Dumby" Time Table.
Going East depart 9 A.M.
" West " 5 P.M.
The Dumby Connects at Shakopee with
Sioux City and St. Paul trains.

Here and There.

Hom. C. B. Tirrell, once a prominent
citizen of Chaska, has been appointed U.
S. Gauger of Liquors at Minneapolis. He
will make a good officer.

L. M. Gregg Esq., a brother of our towns-
man J. W. Gregg, is the Democratic can-
didate for Sheriff in Wabasha Co. We
sincerely hope he will be elected.

We noticed the other day, a full load of
wooden shoes" passing through town for
Chris Goetz of Carver. They were made
by a man living near Chaska.

Wheat has been coming in very freely
during the last week, bringing \$1.00 & 1.02

Our merchants are doing a big trade.

The "brick work" on the Henk, and al-
so the Hammer building is beginning to
show.

Our village authorities, are still at work
grading streets.

It is reported that early in the spring
the Catholic intend to build a large stone
or brick school building, on the Hamel
property, which they have bought.

Court re-convenes next Monday, when
the indictments found by the grand jury
last week will be disposed of.

CATHOLIC CHURCH.—We are informed
that Rev. Father Wendlin, the able and
energetic pastor in charge of the Catholic
church of this city, is taking measures to
have a brick steeple built on our church
edifice. It will greatly improve the ap-
pearance of the church. We hope our
citizens will subscribe liberally towards its
immediate erection.

—

— The late term of the court and the
different conventions has had the effect to
somewhat "demoralize" the working force
in our office. We are getting into shape
again and will try and keep things level
hereafter.

RESOLUTION.—After the grand jury had
finished up the regular business of adopt-
ing the following complimentary resolution:

RESOLVED.—That the thanks of this body
are hereby due and tendered to B. F. Light
Esq., Foreman and Jos. Wessbecker Esq.,
Secretary, for the faithful and able man-
ner in which they performed their duty
while this body was in session.

—

NEW SALOON.—Dagobert Kerkel will
open a new saloon in Starken's building
on the corner opposite Theis old store.
The opening takes place next Saturday
evening.

—

Young America Items.

Large quantities of wheat are received
at the mill daily which is bought and stored
for grinding during the winter and spring
months. The mill is being run day and
night, and is turning out its usual quota of
choice flour.

Mr. Henry Truwe has engaged the school
at Eagle Lake for the winter and the par-
tions in that district expect their children
to receive the benefit of a first class school.

Henry is a wide awake, stirring young
man and success must be his.

H. Perschon, our saddler, is one of the
first workmen of this part of the county,
his close attention to business and economy
enable him to undersell all the shops in
surrounding towns, while his work is all
done in the neatest manner. Farmers
should make a note of this and remember
Perschon when they wish a new set of har-
rows.

For the star pump, call at F. Rausch's.

Mr. H. Thomas has been engaged for
the past two weeks fitting up the machin-
ery in the new mill at Norwood; it is ex-
pected to be in running order by the time
of the present week.

Grey and black squirrels are very plen-
tiful this fall and our hunters are bringing
in large numbers of them in lieu of ducks
and pheasants.

Milwaukee beer at Fable's. Henry is
bound to be ahead, and hearing that Minne-
apolis beer is offered for sale at the sal-
lows in our rival town, procures a full
stock and is now ready to treat his custo-
mers with as good as the best of them.

The farmers are nearly all engaged in
plowing, and our town is a little more quiet
than it was a few days ago.

Mr. Carlin has engaged in the hoop busi-
ness, and is now away buying poles and
the same prepared for market.

Large quantities of fish have been taken
from Eagle and Hyde lakes during the
past four or five weeks. It is said that
the number of pickerel taken from Eagle
has equaled that taken in the same length
of time for many years.

Mr. Breidenbach was in town on Sat-
urday, and in the evening while out to take
the air we overheard the following inter-
esting confab on the street. First boy:

"Bradenbach don't limp any more, does
he?" Second boy—"cause he sold them in
jewelry pieces of us."

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PERSONAL.—Judge Warner, of Carver,
was in town on Monday on his way to the
People's convention.

A large number of our citizens were in
the greater part of the week in
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will make his old home in Ohio a visit next week.

Mr. Adelberger of Watertown, dropped in
to our sanctum on Thursday while in town

on business.

Mr. E. B. Harrison, of Chanhassen
was in town on Monday on his way to the
People's convention.

A large number of our citizens were in
the greater part of the week in
Minneapolis, attending the
People's convention.

—

Mr. Breidenbach was in town on Sat-
urday, and in the evening while out to take
the air we overheard the following inter-
esting confab on the street. First boy:

"Bradenbach don't limp any more, does
he?" Second boy—"cause he sold them in
jewelry pieces of us."

—

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will make his old home in

THE WEEKLY VALLEY HERALD—Rates of Advertising.

space, w. 2 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
1 inch 1.75	1.25	2.00	4.00	6.00
2 inch 2.50	2.00	3.00	6.00	10.00
3 inch 3.75	2.75	4.00	7.50	12.00
4 inch 2.00	3.25	5.00	9.00	15.00
5 inch 2.50	4.25	7.00	12.50	20.00
6 inch 4.00	6.00	10.50	15.00	30.00
7 inch 4.00	12.00	15.00	25.00	45.00

Legal advertisements, 75 cents per column, first insertion, and 35 cents each subsequent insertion. Payment required on delivery of ad-

davit.

1 folio is 250 ems solid matter.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one inser-

tion. Transient advertisements payable in advance.

The Valley Herald.
Official County Paper.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
A. L. AND F. E. DU TOIT,
Editors and Publishers.

COUNTY OFFICERS:
Treasurer—Peter Wege.
Auditor—L. Streukens.
Register of Deeds—F. Greiner.
Sheriff—F. E. Du Toit.
City Council—G. Krayenbuhl.
Attorney—E. H. Johnson.
Surveyor—J. O. Brunius.
Judge of Probate—J. A. Sargent.
School Superintendent—Wm. Benson.
Coroner—H. W. Gordon.
County Commissioners—S. B. Kohler, Chair-
man; A. W. Tiffey, Frederick Littis, A. J. Carlson, Adam Hill.

For the latest War and Miscellaneous news, see second page, inside columns.

Democratic County Ticket.

For County Treasurer,
PETER WEBGO.
For Register of Deeds,
FREDERICK GREINER,
For County Sheriff,
F. E. DUTOIT,
Judge of Probate,
J. A. SARGENT,
Clerk of Dist Court,
G. KRAYENBUL,
County Attorney,
L. L. BAXTER,
County Surveyor,
H. J. CHEVER,
County Superintendent,
W. M. BENSON,
County Coroner,
ROBERT MILLER,
Chairman of Co. Comrs.
S. B. KOHLER.

We shall call the attention of our readers next week to the constitutional amendments passed by our legislature last winter, and which the people will be called upon to vote up or down next November.

H. & D. Railroad Extension.
We clip the following item from last Sunday's PIONEER PRESS, relating to the H. & D. Railroad extension.

The immediate extension of the Hastings & Dakota road west from Glencoe has been decided upon by the Milwaukee & St. Paul road, and Hon. R. B. Langdon has secured the contract for grading thirty miles of the roadbed and building the necessary bridges thereon. He will begin work at once, and expects to complete his contract by January 1. Next season the road will be extended and operated to Montevideo, Chippewa county, eighty-five miles west of Glencoe."

COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

Both parties, the democratic and republican, have made their county nominations. Now it remains for the people to say who shall be elected. Heretofore party lines have had very little to do in the selection of county officers; the people have generally selected the best men presented them and we feel assured they will do again. Our present officers are gentlemen of culture, honest, and efficient, and will without doubt, be re-elected.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION AND TICKET.

The republican county convention, met at Norwood last Tuesday. Four towns were unrepresented.

The following ticket was nominated.

For Treasurer: F. Burauert.
For Register: Jacob Dunn.
For Sheriff: Henry Gehl.
Judge Probate: F. W. Henning.
County Attorney: E. Hanlin.
Clerk of Court: P. N. A. Vreyens.
Surveyor: J. O. Brunius.
Coroner: J. G. Appel.
Co. Supt.: Fred Thomas.

Cham. Co. Comms: J. P. Ailens.
A long series of resolutions were adopted. They have not been received, hence we are unable to publish them.

SCARCITY OF MONEY.

There is no doubt but the present condition of all kinds of business and industry is fearfully depressed, and it behoves every family to look carefully to their expenses. Winter is coming on when children are liable to Croup, Whooping Cough, etc. Coughs and Colds will prevail everywhere, and Consumption, with fever throat and lung diseases, will carry many.

These diseases should not be neglected. Doctor's bills are expensive, and we would advise people to use Boemer's Gasless Syrup. It never fails. One bottle at 75 cents will keep your whole family well during the winter. Two doses will relieve any case. Sold in all towns in the United States, and your Druggist, Joe Franken.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The public is hereby cautioned not to harbor or trust my wife, Fredericka Seiffert, on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting on or after this date, as she has left my bed and board without due cause or provocation.

Dated Oct. 9th, 1877.

FREDERICK SEIFFERT

Subscribe for the Valley Herald.

The Weekly Valley Herald.

A. L. DU TOIT & CO., Proprietors.

VOLUME 16

CHASKA, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, OCT. 18 1877.

TERMS, \$1.50 Per Annum

NUMBER 9

Chaska Bakery
AND
Confectionary.

On 2nd St

The undersigned respectfully calls the attention of the citizen of Chaska and vicinity to his new perfect regulated Bakery and Confectionery. Also keep on hand all kind of candies.

To accommodate my customers in Carver Mr. Clr

Goetz has undertaken to sell all articles wanted in my line of business.

GOTTLIEB FEDER.

CARVER COUNTY

INSURANCE
AGENCY.

Office at CHASKA and CARVER

The following time-tried and tested companies are represented in this Agency:

Fire and Marine of St. Paul,

Actas of Hartford,
Phoenix of Hartford,
Hartford of Hartford,

Home of Columbus,
Phoenix of Brooklyn,
American Central of St. Louis

German American of N. Y.
Fireman's Fund of San Francisco

Traveler's Accident Insurance

Co. of Hartford,
German American Rail

In. Co. of St. Paul.

The aggregate capital of these companies amounts to over

\$23,000,000,

enabling them to carry ANY and EVERY risk. Before insuring elsewhere, give me a call and assure you that I can and will give you the best terms, lowest rates and most reliable security.

W. C. BREDEHAGEN.

DRUGS & MEDICINES

JOE FRANKE

Dealers in

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

Chemicals,
PERFUMERY,

SOAP, COMBS AND BRUSHES,
SUPPORTERS,

SHOULDER BRACES,
Fancy and Toilet Articles,

CHINA WARE,
BOOKS AND STATIONERY

Rustic Window Shades,
a large and well selected stock of

Wall Paper,
KEROSENE, LINSEED,
and all kinds of

MACHINE OILS,
which will be sold at the lowest prices.

FRUIT JARS,
GRASS & GARDEN SEEDS,
and a large stock of

Window Glass and Glass Ware,
Putty, Paint, Varnish,
and

DYE STUFFS,
Pure Wines and Liquors
for medicinal purposes.

Patent Medicines

of all kinds.

PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS

compounded from the purest drugs, made specially, and all orders correctly filled.

Our goods are selected with care, and warranted as represented.

John Orth.

John Orth & Co.

BEER BREWERS,
Minneapolis, Minn.

Watches, Jewelry &c.

Repairing of WATCHES and CLOCKS.
Promptly attended to. All work guaranteed.

WATCHMAKER.

and dealer in

WASHINGON HOUSE

CHASKA - - - MINN

JOHN KERKER, Prop.

Board by the day or week for reasonable prices. First class saloon attached. Good stabling attached to the premises.

Travelers will find themselves at home with me.

ELGIN MATCHES

LEONARD GRATES,

Chaska Dist. Committee,

Repairing of WATCHES and CLOCKS.

Promptly attended to. All work guaranteed.

John Orth.

Jeff Wilson.

Chaska Valley Herald.

FRED. E. DU TOIT, EDITOR.

CHASEA, CARVER CO., MINNESOTA

INTERESTING CURRENT TOPICS.

A refrigerator car, so arranged that thirty carcasses can be hung up in the eyes. It lies in a large dingy old house in Gloucester place, London, in which, on account of his disease, he will allow no gas to be burned, using only candles and shaded lamps for such dim light as is necessary after nightfall.

It is proposed to bridge the Bosphorus at Constantinople; estimated cost, \$25,000,000; time, six years. The projectors will no doubt feel much encouraged in this scheme by the flourishing condition of Turkish finances and the promptness with which the Sublime Porte meets its engagements.

Mr. Fautrait asserts that wooded land receives more rain than bare land in its immediate neighborhood. Pine forests attract more moisture than other forests. Pine trees also retain in their branches more than half the rain which falls on them, while leafy trees permit more than half of the rainfall to reach the earth immediately.

The subterranean telegraph wires in Germany have proved highly satisfactory. The conductivity of the buried wire, instead of decreasing, has, on the contrary, somewhat increased, and no fault in the insulation has made itself apparent. It is believed that in the long run the buried wires will prove the cheapest. Posts and insulators, constantly demanding repair, are thus dispensed with.

Among the novelties of the coming Paris exhibition, will be a youth of fourteen, with feet shaped exactly like his hands. He can use them for the same purposes, and plays upon the piano with both hands and feet, having a peculiar chair which enables him to curl his body into the necessary position. He is a very good performer, and speaks both English and German. His French is yet imperfect.

Man wants but little here below, but the rest man wants his share. Seeds, saw mills, grist mills, "five or six stores, instead of only one" trunks for clothing, \$15 apiece and an overcoat, a big school house, two, four, and six horse wagons; cattle, "not with horns like elk, but the shorthorn kind"; priests, "the kind with black dresses"; nuns, ploughs, mowing machines, good grub, sheep, hogs, and a thousand boxes of money, are a few of the more immediate wants which the Sioux suggest at Washington.

In Princeton, Pa., lives a man who is insensible to the pain which usually attends the sting of bees, wasps and hornets. He can take the honey from the bees without either stinging or destroying the bees. He destroys all the hornets' and yellow jackets' nests that he can find, and, although frequently covered by the insects which have alighted upon him in swarms, he has never been known to flinch. On getting hold of a hornets' nest he empties it by shaking the hornets out of the aperture.

Such extraordinary cases of mistaken identity have occurred of late years, that too great caution cannot be exercised by coroners and others engaged in investigations. Late, near Cambridge, England, an inquest was held upon a body found drowned, supposed to be that of James Dazely. At the inquiry before the coroner, two witnesses identified the body as that of John Adams, of Chesterton, and the jury so returned. Upon the police officer making inquiries at Chesterton, he found Dazely in the Union and Adams alive with his wife. The document for the interment of John Adams had been made out.

Mrs. Elizabeth Webber, who died of hydrophobia in Boston the other day, was bitten through the nail of the second finger of the right hand, on July 31, by her own pet dog. Pains in her arms appeared on Sept. 28, which she attributed to rheumatism; they increased, and the physicians called it "a bad cold." Even after she turned away from water with aversion, and her throat had swollen frightfully, so that she gasped for breath the physicians persisted that it was not hydrophobia. She was carried to the City Hospital, strapped to a mattress, and barking like a dog. She died in three-quarters of an hour after her arrival. The hospital physicians unanimously pronounced the disease hydrophobia.

Many stories are told of the cleverness of the Cossacks in obtaining what they need for themselves and their horses. Passing through the streets of Galata recently, the thin, wavy-looking horse of a Cossack fell suddenly, and lay apparently lifeless on the ground. Its master began bewailing the unhappy fate which had not only deprived him of a favorite but left him horseless at the most interesting moment of the war. A crowd gathered around, and in it were several men who started a subscription to enable the soldier to procure another animal. Taking the money, and then removing the saddle from the horse, the Cossack wiped actual tears from his eyes and went on his way. As the crowd were bending in pure sympathy over the stiffened horse a whistle was heard at the other end of the street, the horse sprang to his feet, and with a joyful neigh hastened to join his shrewd master.

THE WORLD MIRRORED.

Crimes, Criminals and Accidents.

The case of W. C. Gilman the New York insurance scrip forger has been laid before the grand jury. It is believed that he is still in the city.

An explosion took place in a colliery at Pemberton, Lancashire, England on the 11th, by which 40 persons lost their lives.

A considerable riot between German and Jewish citizens occurred in Dubuque, Iowa, on the night of the election.

The United States secret service officers arrested Thos. Van Foster, alias Forester, and Thos. Lewis, two notorious counterfeitors, at Philadelphia.

A negro family of four children were burned to death in a house at Braden's Tavern, Heywood county, Tenn., they having been left by their parents alone in the house.

A strong military force has been called out in Scranton, Pa., to protect from the assault of the striking miners, some twenty men who went to work in a mine on the 12th inst.

Ex-Postmaster Dowling of Toledo, Ohio, assaulted Alexander Reed, postmaster and managing editor of the *Blad.* in the streets of that city on the 12th. No serious damage done.

Gilman the New York Forger who has been sentenced to Sing Sing is a nephew by marriage of Henry Ward Beecher, he having married the daughter of Mrs. Perkins, Beech's sister.

State Senator Nash of South Carolina has resigned and made confession to the legislative investigating Committee in which he implicates others in frauds of divers kinds. He made restoration of his share of the plumb.

W. C. Gilman, the forger of large amounts of insurance scrip in New York, who was indicted by the grand jury on the 11th, surrendered himself on the 12th, and was the same day sentenced to Sing Sing hard labor for five years.

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Thomas E. Wheeler, for thirty years a well known resident of West Roxbury, districted from Boston taking with him ten or fifteen thousand dollars raised on bogus mortgages, notes &c., which he negotiated with bands and individuals.

N. G. Parker, ex-State Treasurer of South Carolina was arrested on the 12th at Jersey City where he has resided for two years, and lodged in jail to await a trial from Gov. Hampton. He says he is willing to turn State evidence.

One death from yellow fever that of a stewardess of a steamer occurred at the New York Quarantine Hospital on the 12th inst.

The cholera is still prevalent in the interior towns of China, but is decreasing in the coastal cities.

The cost of the inspection of grain in New York has been reduced ten cents per car-load, and one dollar per boat-load.

One death from yellow fever that of a stewardess of a steamer occurred at the New York Quarantine Hospital on the 12th inst.

Four bushels of new sugar and twenty-six barrels of new molasses, the first of the season were received at New Orleans on the 13th.

Franklin Frank of Hamburg, N. J. instead of going to school ran off took the steamer for England and arrived there in safety.

The czarowitch has declared it impossible to whittle his army in Bulgaria unless Rostukh or some other fortress previously surrenders.

The Steamship England, valued at \$75,000, has been seized by Collector Arthur of New York on the charge of being implicated in the silk-smuggling frauds.

The third annual convention of the Railway Freight and Passenger Conductor's Mutual Aid and Benefit Association of the United States is in session in Chicago.

After three days' fighting, Chief Joseph surrendered his entire command to Gen. Nelson A. Miles on the 5th inst. The affair came off at Eagle Creek, Montana.

The Russian Government has paid the American minister \$570,000 on account of the claims for losses incurred by American citizens of Cuba, through the revolution.

Ex-Gov. Hendricks and wife arrived at New York from Europe on the steamer *Rothia* on the 9th.

The Italian ambassador has assured President McMahon of the good disposition of Italy towards France.

Edwards Pierrepont, United States Minister to the court of St. James has resigned to take effect December 1st.

In Iowa the Republicans have a plurality of 50,000, and have made some gains in the number of their legislators.

Gambetta has issued an address to his constituents in which he repeats the bold expressions of his electoral speech.

McMahon has issued a second manifesto denying that the constitution is in danger under a government clerically inclined.

Frederick Dimondale, a London solicitor has failed. Liabilities, \$1,500,000; assets \$900,000 consisting of collieries and other property.

A severe storm of cold wind and rain has materially delayed hostile operations between the Turks and Russians in the neighborhood of Bisch and Rustekn.

I Captain Elijah Wells, editor and proprietor of the Port Tobacco, Md., *Times*, one of the oldest and best conducted journals of the State, died on the 13th, aged 69 years.

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As the crowd were bending in pure sympathy over the stiffened horse a whistle was heard at the other end of the street, the horse sprang to his feet, and with a joyful neigh hastened to join his shrewd master.

At the Democratic Caucus in Washington on the night of the 13th, the following officers of the House of Representatives for the coming session of Congress were nominated: Speaker J. J. Randolph; Sergeant-at-Arms J. G. Thompson; Clerk, J. M. Adams; Doorkeeper, Col. Polk; Postmaster, J. M. Stewart; and Chaplain Rev. Dr. Poole of the Methodist church.

A meeting of the Nashville Board of Trade, called on the 13th, to take action against Sherman's policy of contraction, adopted a petition to Congress asking the speedy repeal of the laws taxing the issues of State and private banks, condemning the demonetization of silver, and demanding its remonetization, and favoring the issue by the government of a full legal tender in lieu of the present green-back currency.

The Democratic State committee of Ohio claims a net democratic gain over the Republicans of 16,586 compared from returns from one-half of the State, and urges that, they claim, a majority of 29,000 or 30,000 for Bishop.

In the Senate the Democrats have 67 members, the Republicans 37; Democratic majority 27, and Workingmen, 3; Democratic majority 25.

In the House the Democrats have 25 and the Republicans 10; Democratic majority in both houses 41. This will not be changed more than three or four votes by the official count.

Now turns out that Joel Collins, who was killed some time ago by a party of soldiers and detectives as being one of the Union Pacific train robbers, and upon whose body was found a large amount of gold, was in reality a Texas cattle trader who had just taken to the Black Hills and sold a large number of cattle, receiving \$20,000. At least such is the statement of his friends who account for his conduct in resisting the parties making the arrest, by the fact that he supposed they were robbers. The matter is to be investigated.

Chief Joseph finding it impossible to escape from the narrow ravine in which the troops under Gen. Miles have been holding him since the first battle, raised the white flag and agreed to surrender if he might keep his horses. Miles accepted the terms and released him when Joseph gave in and advancing to the front, handed his gun to the General. The outfit did likewise. Forty wounded Indians were found in camp. The number of dead is unknown. The Nez Perces entrenched were ingeniously constructed and they fought bravely therefore in battle.

Miscellaneous.

Russia is on the market for a new seven per cent. loan.

A severe earthquake was experienced at Geneva, Switzerland, on the 8th inst.

The Steamer City of Berlin arrived in New York on the 13th, bringing \$100,000 in gold coin.

The cholera is still prevalent in the interior towns of China, but is decreasing in the coastal cities.

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William M. T. ed. statement which was submitted to the Attorney General Fairchild has been published and contains the names of 21 senators paid either to vote or to keep silent.

The obsequies of Archbishop Bayley took place in Baltimore on the 9th in the presence of thousands of persons. The remains were finally deposited in St. Joseph's cemetery, at Emmettsburg, Md.

Ex-Governor Hendricks was serenaded at his hotel in New York on the night of the 10th, after which he was escorted to a private residence where he made a speech which he had no allusion to politics.

Acting Governor Wiltz in answer to a telegram from Washington has forwarded a certificate for J. H. Akin, congressman elect from the third Louisiana district, based on the record of votes ordered by the courts.

The New York Workmen's State convention met in Troy on the 9th, Geo. Blair president. The platform favors the retirement of the national bank notes, and declares that labor has a right to an equal share of the wealth it creates.

On the 3rd instant, Gen. Miles encountered Joseph's band near Bear Paw Mountain, Montana and captured 600 horses and ponies. The Indian loss was 17 killed, including Look Glass and Joseph's brother and three other chiefs, and 40 wounded.

The loss in General Miles forces was 23 killed and a large number wounded, among them Captain Hall, of the Seventh Cavalry, Grade, but no major demonstrations.

A report comes from Fort Meade that the chief had been a prisoner of the Sioux since the battle of Little Big Horn.

At a monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad in Baltimore on the 10th, a dividend of three per cent. was declared on the main stem stock. This, with the five per cent. dividend declared in April last, makes eight per cent. for the year 1877.

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A meeting of the Nashville Board of Trade on the 13th, adopted a resolution against the resumption of silver, against the conversion of non-interest bearing debt into gold interest bearing bonds and favoring a loan making greenbacks receivable for customs, and supplementing the national bank currency with United States Treasury notes.

A meeting of merchants, bankers and representative men from nearly every state was held in New York on the 11th to make arrangements for the American display at the Paris exhibition Gen. J. R. Hawley

represented the New York Chamber of Commerce.

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THE HOME CONCERT.

Well, Tom, my boy, I must say good-by,
I've had a wonderful visit here;
Enjoyed it, too, as well as I could.
Away from all that my heart holds dear.
Maybe I've been a trifling rogue,
But I'm not now, and you would say—
And very likely I would give the hint
Of your city polish day by day.

But somehow Tom, though the same old roof
Sheltered us both when we were boys,
And the same dear mother-love watched us
both.

Show me your childish girls and boys,
You're almost a strange man;
Your ways and mine are far apart
As though we never had thrown an arm
About each other with loving heart.

Your city home is a palace, Tom;
Your wife and children are fair to see;
You continue lonely in the little town.
The little home is true to me.

And I am lost in your grand, large house,
And dazed with the wealth on every side,

And I hardly know my brother, Tom.

In the midst of so much steady pride,

Yet the concert was grand, last night,

The singing splendid, but do you know,

For another concert—sweetest and low—

That maybe it wouldn't please the ear

Of one so cultured and grand as you;

But to tell the music—if you will—

My heart and thought must ever be true.

I shut my eyes in the hall last night
(For the clash of the music tired me),
And closed my heart—but this is sad—
A song—some plaintive Lullaby—saw

In the vine-clad porch of a cottage home,

Half in shadow and half in sun,

A mother chanting her lullaby,

A rocking to rest her little one.

And soft and sweet—As though you well,
And music a year of health could gain,
You are born to be rich and gay;

And I go back to my country home

With a love that absence has strengthened,

Back to the concert all my own—
Mother's singing and baby's coo.

—M. E. BROWN, in Harper's Magazine for October.

Faith Wants.

He prepares her food in summer.—*Price, 25¢.*

The present hour has such a voracious appetite that no food can be prepared for the morrow. The board is swept clean at each meal, and the giant is still hungry. However good the wages of lawyer, or clerk, or preacher, or Judge, or smith, or laborer, the appetite of the ton is equal to the income. The summetime of that little toiler which the wise man saw was a well regulated, even thing. It had its own natural demands and when the toiler had respected these, it permitted her to draw away a grain for the winter. Had that old summer-time been a fable and despotic creature, and had it built up a thousand excuses for taking away the grains from the ant, that pernicious season would have become the grave of that little queen and all her colony. It was the salvation of that little producer that its season was of a uniform and rational quality. But in the domain of us larger beings the season varies, and is liable to come with wants so despotetic and unbridled that not one ant in a million of us can get one grain dragged across the line between our summer and our winter.

This want of a given size or individual is a very unreliable quality. Its demands always need looking into more carefully, like conscience, which must itself be instructed, the want of each mind must be brought up to some judgment-bar to answer for its suggestions and aspirations. As the conscience of a Hindoo will declare that such a child must be drowned, or such a woman burned up, so what we call "wants" will fit alone, do some most wonderful things with the income of any toiler. It might be that our desires for fine furniture and clothing and for palatial homes and all gorgeousness are wrong and as despotic as the conscience of the Pagan mother who offers her firstborn to some imaginary God. It may be we are all led to an Iroquois inanity, other than by a deep wisdom. Beyond doubt, however, the toiler is led by the measurements wants of the present, the most powerful enemys, and great will be the sorrow before the age shall have passed through this one war.

Such as the cithed villages and the private rooms and purses are plundered by dishonest men; a still larger number of persons are robbed by the prevailing false wants. A wicked philosopher can ransack a house and empty it as quickly as it could be accomplished by a regiment of Turks. One would rather be beggared by a fashion than by a dishonest man, but the beggary in each case is the same fact; it is painfully complete.

Doubtless there are many forms of labor which secure no fair wages, and to underpaid persons all talk about economy and frugality is only cold cruelty.

Likewise conscience, which must itself be brought up to some judgment-bar to answer for its suggestions and aspirations. As the conscience of a Hindoo will declare that such a child must be drowned, or such a woman burned up, so what we call "wants" will fit alone, do some most wonderful things with the income of any toiler. It might be that our desires for fine furniture and clothing and for palatial homes and all gorgeousness are wrong and as despotic as the conscience of the Pagan mother who offers her firstborn to some imaginary God. It may be we are all led to an Iroquois inanity, other than by a deep wisdom. Beyond doubt, however, the toiler is led by the measurements wants of the present, the most powerful enemys, and great will be the sorrow before the age shall have passed through this one war.

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LINENFELSER & FABER'S COLUMN.

We are now receiving N Goods daily, consisting of

DRY GOODS

AND

NOTIONS,

Ready-Made Clothing,

HATS and CAPS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

Crockery & Glassware.

These goods were bought to be sold at

Prices to Suit Customers.

We buy all our goods in Chicago and New York, for cash, and defy competition!

WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

All are invited to come and examine our goods, and they will not go away dissatisfied.

We sell for *Cash*, and can sell *Cheaper* than any establishment that sells on trust. We do not have to make up our bad debts off our cash customers, and can afford to put our goods at the lowest prices.

You can save money by buying your goods of us.

You can get better goods for less money. We keep no shoddy, but all our goods are represented to be of the best material and what they are represented.

We keep constantly on hand the best stock of

GROCERIES

In the Minnesota Valley, consisting of Coffees, Sugar, Teas, Pure Spices, etc., etc., which we are selling at prices that defy competition.

We pay the highest market price for Wheat, Oats, Corn, Barley, and all kinds of farm produce in bushel or goods at cash prices.

F. LINENFELSER,
GEORGE FABER,

LOCAL NEWS.

Minneapolis & St. Louis Railway.

GOING SOUTH.

Train No. 1, departs, 8:50 a.m.

" " 3, " 4:20 p.m.

GOING NORTH.

Train No. 4, departs, 9:55 a.m.

" " 6, " 4:55 p.m.

Train No. 1 runs through to Montgomery, arriving there at noon. Departs at 2:10 p.m. arriving at Chaska at 4:55 p.m. (No. 6.)

"Dummy" Time Table.

Going East depart 7:10 A.M.

" West " 5 P.M.

The Dummy connects at Shakopee with Sioux City and St. Paul trains.

Here and There.

We have some new advertisements for the next issue.

Judge Sargent has a probate notice in this issue of the HERALD.

200 pair Hair blankets full size, bound with strong leather straps at \$1.25 a piece. Call soon. Heinemann & Seeger.

Our subscription list is rapidly increasing. We added new names to our list last week, and we should like to double the amount this or next week. Will our friends help us?

The "Dummy" or accommodation train on the H. & D. road has changed time; it now passes down at an early hour in the morning. See time table at head of column.

Have you seen our 15 and 20 cents wool flannel? If not call at once.

Heinemann and Seeger.

The first story of Hammer & Bierstetts new building is up. It will make a handsome appearance when completed.

Heins' mammoth new brick block is rapidly assuming proportions. It will be one of the largest, most imposing and best store buildings in the entire Minnesota Valley.

Heinemann & Seeger received on Saturday the largest lot of Mens and Boys Clothing that has ever been brought to this town, and they say that the same shall be sold at bottom prices, defying any St. Paul or Minneapolis house to upstroll them. Give them a call.

Messrs. Dole and Mulkes, our enterprising furniture dealers, have just received a splendid new lot of furniture from below. They say that they will not be undersold. Give them a call.

Roads.—The recent heavy rains have made the roads very muddy and difficult of travel with a load, still farmers find some way of getting into market with grain at \$1.00 per bushel.

Acquired.—Messrs. Lienau & Leivermann were acquitted last Thursday. The jury returning a verdict of "not guilty" after being out some 36 hours. They were heartily congratulated on their arrival in this village last Thursday evening.

We will have a new roller next week, which will improve the appearance of the HERALD.

Those \$5. boys suit, that Heinemann & Seeger are selling is the nobbiest suit we have ever seen sold for the money.

Our Watertown correspondent has temporarily retired from business. We will endeavor to find a substitute next week, and to thereafter keep our Watertown friends posted on local news of their neighborhood.

Waconia.—We will visit this thriving village next week and endeavor to secure a regular weekly correspondent thereto.

Wood.—Mr. Foos of St. Paul, has been in town several times recently and has purchased some 500 cords of first class maple wood for that market. He ships by barges and pays \$3.00 to \$3.50 per cord.

Happy Again.—Our young friend Gerhard Schreers was jubilant last week. It was caused by the appearance of a young stranger in his family. It was a boy—good luck Gerhard.

School Dist. No. 15

School Dist. No. 15, Chanlassen, has recently purchased of the Chicago School Dist. Company, new desks, globes, maps, charts &c., at an expense of over \$250. The officers of this district are Peter Lano, director; H. Pierce, Clerk, and Theodore Lano, Treasurer.

Other districts will probably follow suit as rapidly as the state of their fineness will permit.

Winter shawls, ladies cloaks, ladies hats, newest designs, just received at Heinemann and Seeger.

New Furniture Store.

Read the new advertisement of Alexander Miller, of Benton, in this issue of the HERALD. Mr. Miller has recently opened a new first class furniture store and will sell all articles at city prices. Mr. M. is also a first class workman and will do all repairing brought him. Give him a call and examine prices and goods.

To my friends and old customers I hereby respectfully announce that since Oct. 1st I am in the employ of Heinemann & Seeger Chaska, and shall be pleased to see many and all of them here whenever they need anything in the line of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries &c., JOHN S. SMEDBERG, (formerly with A. Jassy, Carver.)

DIED - FUNERAL.

Joseph Kohnen, of Chanhassen, died last Thursday and was buried on Saturday. Mr. Kohnen was an old resident of this county, a well known and highly respected citizen and his death has caused much sorrow. His funeral on Saturday was largely attended. Rev. Father Wendlin, of the Catholic Church, conducted the services.

District Court.

Court convened yesterday, with jury, to try the indictment found by the last grand jury. It is impossible to say whether the cases will be disposed of this week. We hope so, however.

Chaska Market.

The following are the ruling prices in this market as we go to press.

Wheat, per bushel, \$1.02.

Corn " 50c.

Oats " 35c.

Barley " 50c.

Potatoes " 40c.

BUTTER.—Mr. Goodrich's store of Eden Prairie, was broken into one night last week, and some \$300 worth of goods were taken therefrom. Mr. Goodrich of this village owns the store.

NEW BARN.—Theodore Lano Esq., of Chanlassen, is building a new frame barn. He has already commenced work, and will have a stone basement for the accommodation of his stock under the same.

PERSONAL.—Col. Hicks, of Minneapolis, a prominent attorney of that city, was in town on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Francis McPadden, of Canfield, called on Wednesday. Francis has been one of the first pioneers of civilization of all nationalities, forced their way through the almost impenetrable forests of Carver country, equipped with hardly anything but their axes and guns, and their knapsacks filled with the most necessary articles of clothing, such as a couple of hickory shirts, overalls, &c. In this way advanced, cutting their way through forests, and swamps to find a place which in later years should afford them an asylum of rest. And it did not last long however, with the help of his one or two miles distant neighbor (if he had one) a small but substantial log hut was built, the roof of which was erected without great show or ostentation from the bark of trees, with meadow-grass, or with split wood. Mother earth or roughly split wood served as a floor; a door of split wood and a window pane 10 x 12 was substituted later. A lightning rod was superfluous; there was nothing on the whole house made of iron which could attract the fatal thunder bolt; but the waving branches of the mighty oak which over spread the little hut served as a safe conductor of the destroying element, which might otherwise have proved fatal to the property of our hardy pioneers. And now the mansion was completed and the right of claim legally established. A trip in search of employment was now the first thing in order for our youthful pioneer, in order to perfect the work he had begun. After months of hard labor the pioneer, whose courage only equaled his endurance, and perseverance, returned to his claim, equipped with perhaps a yoke of oxen, a plow, wagon, provisions and according to the extent of his earnings, other necessities needed by a farmer; and many a one before he returned home thought it well to keep in mind the old adage which says: "It is not well for man to live alone," and he led a worthy help-meet to his newly erected residence to share with him the joys and sorrows of his pioneer life.

And now the war against the wilderness was waged with more energy; many a hardy pioneer wife might be seen hauling a load of wood, or grain, drawn by a yoke of oxen or steers, to the river bank, from whence the steam boats carried the freight to the eastern markets. Then a stable for cattle was built, more land was cleared, common logs were rolled into piles, better ones were cut into cord wood, (that is in such places where farmers could find a convenient market for that article,) where it was sold to steam-boat owners for \$1.25 per cord, which money was absolutely necessary to buy such commodities without which life cannot be sustained. But it was not always an easy matter at that time to procure provisions from the country stores for steamboats made but one trip a week, rarely ever two, and so the neighbors were forced to share their small quantities of corn meal or other provisions with their neighbors, even as brothers. By means of their guns and fishing tackle they obtained their meat. In this way weary days and months passed by; the dark and dreary days of winter were over and the mild and bright sun of spring warmed the ground and animated the young sturdy farmer to break his first ground for the coming harvest. Horses were at that time almost unknown, all work being performed with ox-teams; and neighbors, if there were any, always assisted each other; where no willing neighbor was to be found, the farmer had to perform that hard piece of labor alone with his ox-team. But soon the first sod was turned to the fertilizing action of the sun and air, and potatoes, corn &c., were planted, which were cultivated during the summer by means of the hoe. Other farmers, who could not afford an ox team, and were unable to pay the price of breaking ground, (\$5.00 per acre) went to work with energy with their hoe to put their cleared acres in a fit condition to harvest their first crop of potatoes and corn, before many months were past their hard toil was rewarded with a crop of 200 to 250 bushels of corn and potatoes, and all anxieties for to-morrow's nourishment had vanished. From the lakes and forests meat was obtained, want was known on more

near town, started for the Sioux River Valley on Thursday last, with the object of investing a little of their surplus cash in land.

Mr. John Hendricks is having a new stable erected, which we think will be one of the most substantial and warmest in town, and an ornament to that part of the village in which it is located.

We congratulate the people of Norwood on the completion of the new mill; it is an improvement the village has long needed, and we have no doubt that under the able and courteous management of Messrs. Booth & Berfield, will draw to that place all the business they can attend to.

Rather late in the season to make a note of the grape crop, but we must say that Mr. Julius Ackerman has succeeded in raising during the past season as fine crop of Coopers as is very often seen in the most favored grape localities of the east. We agree with him in saying that every farmer can provide himself and family with a full supply of this juicy and healthy fruit as easily as he can raise the same quantities of crab apples.

ADDRESS OF CHARLES LUDLOFF.

Delivered before the Carver County Agricultural Society:

DEAR FRIENDS!—Invited by the Agricultural society of Carver Co., to speak a few words at their fair, I feel disposed to devote a few words to the past.

Twenty five years ago the forests and small stretches of prairies of our county were in a wild state, and only served the "red man" as a hunting ground. But this state of affairs was of short duration; the first pioneers of civilization, of all nationalities, forced their way through the almost impenetrable forests of Carver county, equipped with hardly anything but their axes and guns, and their knapsacks filled with the most necessary articles of clothing, such as a couple of hickory shirts, overalls, &c. In this way advanced, cutting their way through forests, and swamps to find a place which in later years should afford them an asylum of rest. And it did not last long however, with the help of his one or two miles distant neighbor (if he had one) a small but substantial log hut was built, the roof of which was erected without great show or ostentation from the bark of trees, with meadow-grass, or with split wood. Mother earth or roughly split wood served as a floor; a door of split wood and a window pane 10 x 12 was substituted later. A lightning rod was superfluous; there was nothing on the whole house made of iron which could attract the fatal thunder bolt; but the waving branches of the mighty oak which over spread the little hut served as a safe conductor of the destroying element, which might otherwise have proved fatal to the property of our hardy pioneers. And now the mansion was completed and the right of claim legally established. A trip in search of employment was now the first thing in order for our youthful pioneer, in order to perfect the work he had begun. After months of hard labor the pioneer, whose courage only equaled his endurance, and perseverance, returned to his claim, equipped with perhaps a yoke of oxen, a plow, wagon, provisions and according to the extent of his earnings, other necessities needed by a farmer; and many a one before he returned home thought it well to keep in mind the old adage which says: "It is not well for man to live alone," and he led a worthy help-meet to his newly erected residence to share with him the joys and sorrows of his pioneer life.

And now the war against the wilderness was waged with more energy; many a hardy pioneer wife might be seen hauling a load of wood, or grain, drawn by a yoke of oxen or steers, to the river bank, from whence the steam boats carried the freight to the eastern markets. Then a stable for cattle was built, more land was cleared, common logs were rolled into piles, better ones were cut into cord wood, (that is in such places where farmers could find a convenient market for that article,) where it was sold to steam-boat owners for \$1.25 per cord, which money was absolutely necessary to buy such commodities without which life cannot be sustained. But it was not always an easy matter at that time to procure provisions from the country stores for steamboats made but one trip a week, rarely ever two, and so the neighbors were forced to share their small quantities of corn meal or other provisions with their neighbors, even as brothers. By means of their guns and fishing tackle they obtained their meat. In this way weary days and months passed by; the dark and dreary days of winter were over and the mild and bright sun of spring warmed the ground and animated the young sturdy farmer to break his first ground for the coming harvest. Horses were at that time almost unknown, all work being performed with ox-teams; and neighbors, if there were any, always assisted each other; where no willing neighbor was to be found, the farmer had to perform that hard piece of labor alone with his ox-team. But soon the first sod was turned to the fertilizing action of the sun and air, and potatoes, corn &c., were planted, which were cultivated during the summer by means of the hoe. Other farmers, who could not afford an ox team, and were unable to pay the price of breaking ground, (\$5.00 per acre) went to work with energy with their hoe to put their cleared acres in a fit condition to harvest their first crop of potatoes and corn, before many months were past their hard toil was rewarded with a crop of 200 to 250 bushels of corn and potatoes, and all anxieties for to-morrow's nourishment had vanished. From the lakes and forests meat was obtained, want was known on more

the corn was ripe and dried, and a happy man was our pioneer farmer. The corn in a novel kind of a mill which was milled to a window of the farm house and put in motion by the strong arm of the thrifty house-wife of the farmer.

The abundant harvest having inspired our young farmer with fresh and invigorating hope, other sources of revenue were tried; wheat, oats, barley &c., were sown on the already cultivated land, and new ground was broken for corn and potatoes. But the second harvest was attended with more labor. Instead of our reapers and harvesters, the farmers had to cut their grain with the scythe. The stock had increased and it was necessary to make hay not with our modern mower however—it required the muscular arm of an enterprising farmer; wheat was threshed not with the rapidity of the Case or Minnesota Chief Thresher, but by means of the flail. So time passed, and many a one who began the battle against the odds and ends of a pioneer life has succumbed to the hardships connected therewith and is numbered with that great innumerable throng that has passed before us; but the tide of emigration that has flowed to our young and prosperous state has more than filled out, all the leaks caused by death or removal of our old settlers, and the day is not far distant when we shall take the front rank among the states of our Union. It was indeed marvelous to see how rapidly the civilization of Carver Co. advanced after the first attempt at colonization had been made and succeeded. School houses and churches were erected in the more thickly populated parts of the county. The best teachers that could be procured were hired; and here I would remind the farmers of Carver Co. of the importance of doing all for the improvement of their public schools that is in their power.

(Concluded next week.)

FARM FOR SALE.

We offer our farm of 100 acres of land, situated near Victoria Church, Laketown, for sale at \$2000 per acre, or 40 acres under cultivation, with pasture and half land sufficient for 20 head of stock, a good house, barn and granary on place.

TERM.—1/2 half cash balance on long time, place will be sold cheap. For particular, P. Henk, Chaska, or premises.

ROSA ROERS & AGNES JOHNSON.

LAND SALE.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, LAND OFFICE, ST. PAUL, Sept. 4th 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that the County Auditor will offer at public sale, all the School lands that have been appraised and remain unsold in the County of Carver at Chaska on Saturday October 27th 1877, at 10 o'clock a.m.

Descriptive lists of the tracts to be offered, their present value and location, will be on file at the Auditor's office in said county for the information of the public.

Lands upon which the interest is delinquent for two years or more will be declared forfeited and re-offered.

Fifteen per cent. of the purchase money and interest at the rate of seven per cent. on the purchase money due date of sale to the first of June, 1

LINENFELSER & FABER'S
COLUMN.

We are now receiving N
Goods daily, consisting of

DRY GOODS

AND

NOTIONS,

Ready-Made Clothing,

HATS and CAPS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

Crockery & Glassware.

These goods were bought
to be sold at

Prices to Suit Customers.

We buy all our goods in
Chicago and New York, for
cash, and defy competition!

WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

All are invited to come
and examine our goods, and
they will not go away dis-
satisfied.

We sell for *Cash*, and can
sell *Cheaper* than any estab-
lishment that sells on trust.
We do not have to make up
our bad debts off our cash
customers, and can afford
to put our goods at the *low-
est prices*.

You can save money by
buying your goods of us.

You can get better goods
for less money. We keep no
shoddy, but all our goods
are warranted to be of the
best material and what they
are represented.

We keep constantly on
hand the best stock of

GROCERIES

in the Minnesota Valley,
consisting of Coffees, Sugar,
Teas, Pure Spices, etc., etc.,
which we are selling at
prices that defy competition.

We pay the highest
market price for Wh
ats, Corn, Barley, and all
inds of farm produce, in
ish, or goods at cash prices.

F. LINENFELSER,
GEORGE FABER,

LOCAL NEWS.

**Minneapolis & St. Louis
Railway.**
GOING SOUTH.
Train No. 1, departs, 8:50 a. m.
" " 2, " 4:20 p. m.
GOING NORTH.
Train No. 4, departs, 9:55 a. m.
" " 6, " 4:55 p. m.
Train No. 1 runs through to Montgom-
ery, arriving there at noon. Departs at
10:10 p. m., arriving at Chaska at 4:55 p. m.
(No. 6.)

"Dummy" Time Table.
Going East departs 7:10 A. M.
" West " 5 P. M.
The Dummy connects at Spokope with
Sioux City and St. Paul trains.

Here and There.

We have some new advertisements for
the next issue.

Judge Sargent has a probate notice in
the issue of the HERALD.

200 pair Horse blankets full size, bound,
with strong leather straps at \$1.25 a
piece. Call soon. Heinemann & Seeger.

Our subscription list is rapidly increas-
ing. We added 25 new names to our list
last week, and we should like to double
the amount this or next week. Will our
friends help us?

The "Dummy" or accommodation train
on the H. & B. road has changed time.
It now passes down at an early hour in
the morning. See time table at head of
column.

Have you seen our 15 and 20 cents wool
handed? If not call at once.
Heinemann and Seeger.

The first story of Hammer & Bierstetts
new building is up. It will make a hand-
some appearance when completed.

Heuk's mammoth new brick block is
rapidly assuming proportions. It will be
one of the largest, most imposing and best
store buildings in the entire Minnesota
Valley.

Heinemann & Seeger received on Saturday
the largest lot of Mens and Boys
Clothing that has ever been brought to
this town and they say that the same
will be sold at bottom prices, defying any
St. Paul or Minneapolis house to undersell
them. Give them a call.

Messrs. Dols and Mulkes, our enter-
prising furniture dealers, have just re-
ceived a splendid new lot of furniture from
below. They say that they will not be
undersold. Give them a call.

Boats.—The recent heavy rains have
made the roads very muddy and difficult
of travel with a load, still farmers find
some way of getting into our market with
grain at \$1.00 per bushel.

Acquired.—Messrs. Lienau & Leiv-
ermann were acquitted last Thursday. The
jury returning a verdict of "not guilty"
after being out some 36 hours. They were
heartily congratulated on their arrival in
this village last Thursday evening.

We will have a new roller next
week, which will improve the appearance
of the HERALD.

These \$5. boys suit, that Heinemann &
Seeger are selling is the nobbiest suit we
have ever seen sold for the money.

On Watertown correspondent has
temporarily retired from business. We
will endeavor to find a substitute next
week, and to thereafter keep our Water-
town friends posted on local news of their
neighborhood.

WACONIA.—We will visit this thriving
village next week and endeavor to secure
a regular weekly correspondent thereafter.

WOODS.—Mr. Foss of St. Paul, has been
in town several times recently and has
purchased some 500 cords of first class
maple wood for that market. He ships by
barge and pays \$3.00 to \$3.50 per cord.

HAPPY AGAIN.—Our young friend Ger-
hard Schreiers was jubilant last week. It
was caused by the appearance of a young
stranger in his family. It was a boy—
good luck Gerhard.

School Dist. No. 15

School Dist. No. 15, Chanhassen has
recently purchased of the Chicago School
Desk Company, new desks, globes, maps,
charts &c., at an expense of over \$250.
The officers of this district are Peter Lano,
Director; H. Pierce, Clerk, and Theodore
Lano, Treasurer.

Other districts will probably follow suit
as rapidly as the state of their finances
will permit.

Winter shawls, ladies cloaks, ladies hats,
newest designs, just received at
Heinemann and Seeger.

New Furniture Store.

Read the new advertisement of Alexan-
der Miller, of Benton, in this issue of the
HERALD. Mr. Miller has recently opened
a new first class furniture store and will
sell all articles at city prices. Mr. M. is
also a first class workman and will do all
repairing brought him. Give him a call
and examine prices and goods.

To my friends and old customers I hereby
respectfully announce that since
Oct. 8th I am in the employ of Heinemann &
Seeger Chaska, and shall be pleased to
see any and all of them here whenever they
need anything in the line of Dry Goods,
Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries &c.,

JOHN S. SMEDBERG,
(formerly with A. Jassy, Carver)

BIED - FUNERAL.

Joseph Kohenen, of Chanhassen, died last
Thursday and was buried on Saturday.
Mr. Kohenen was an old resident of this
county, a well known and highly respect-
ed citizen and his death has caused much
sorrow. His funeral on Saturday was
largely attended. Rev. Father Wendling
of the Catholic Church, conducted the ser-
vices.

District Court.

Court convened yesterday, with jury,
to try the indictments found by the last
grand jury. It is impossible to say whether
the cases will be disposed of this week.—
We hope so, however.

CHASKA MARKET.

The following are
the ruling prices in this market as we go
to press:

Wheat, per bushel, \$1.02.

Corn " 50c.

Oats " 35c.

Barley " 50c.

Potatoes " 40c.

EGGGRARY.—Mr. Goodrich's store of Ed-
en Prairie was broken into one night last
week and some \$300 worth of goods were
taken therefrom. Mr. Goodrich of this
village owns the store.

PERSONAL.—Col. Hicks, of Minneapolis,
a prominent attorney of that city, was in
town on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Francis McPadden, of Camden, called on
us Wednesday. Francis has been one of the
regular petitjeans at the past week.

E. Holmes, Chas. Blomquist, H. R. Denny,
Fred Wommer and others of Carver, were
upon our streets during the week.

B. F. Light, Esp., and L. R. Fairbanks of
Watertown, called on us during the week.

MARRIED.—We forgot to mention the fact
of the marriage of our friend Olaf Hanson,
to Miss Mollie Schirmer, last week. We under-
stand that the affair was a very pleasant
one, and that many hearty congratulations
were extended to the happy couple.

CHARLEY Buschkoeki was married to Miss
Lindberg, of this city, last week. Those
present report a good time. We wish the
young couple joy.

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MISSING ISSUE

Date: Oct 25 1877